Library of Congress

Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIX.—NO. 46. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,682

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
Six Months, "	2.50
Three Months, "	1.25
Two Months, "	1.00

Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Fire broke out in the Baby coal mine at Pocahontas, Va.; five bodies of miners have been recovered; twenty-five persons have been rescued, all more or less injured. —— Southern Cotton Spinners' Association in convention at Atlanta; addresses delivered by Dr. J. H. McAden, Hon. Hoke Smith and Senator J. L. McLaurin. —— A woman and a man have disappeared from Tiptonville, Tenn., and are believed to have been murdered. —— A negro burglar was shot and killed at Carlisle, Pa. —— James Goings found dead in his buggy near Macon, Ga., is believed to have been murdered. —— The storm on the coast of England is the most disastrous that has occurred in many years; loss of life already aggregates over 160. —— Steamer Richmond burned at her wharf at Fredericksburg, Va. —— Hotel and other buildings destroyed by fire at Wheeling, W. Va. —— Ten thousand people are expected to witness the fight between Jeffries and Ruhlin in San Francisco to-night. —— The Governor of Kentucky is recommended to send troops to Hopkins county to prevent trouble with miners. ——New York markets: Money on call firm at 3½@5 per cent., the last loan being at 3½ per cent.; cotton quiet at 8c; flour was firm and easier; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 82½c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 67½c; oats—spot firm, No. 2 46c; rosin dull; spirits turpentine dull.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 14.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 42 degrees; 8 P. M., 50 degrees; maximum, 59 degrees; minimum, 40 degrees; mean, 50 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, trace; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 0.57 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.6 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Washington, Nov. 14.—For North Carolina: Fair Friday and Saturday, fresh west to north winds.

Port Almanac—November 15.

Sun Rises	6.36 A. M.
Sun Sets	4.53 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 17 M.
High Water at Southport	10.07 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	13 37 P. M.

There are so many Chinese in San Francisco that the telephone companies have to employ Chinese "hello" girls.

The vote cast in Ohio at the last election was 100,000 less than at the election in 1899. The stay-at-homes were principally Democrats.

A Chicago man named Straight has been put in jail because he was crooked. They get things badly mixed in that town sometimes.

Since the turning on of those oil gushers in Texas, cooking is cheap in that country. They have stoves constructed for burning the oil, which run at a cost of three cents for twenty four hours.

Li Hung Chang is said to have accumulated wealth estimated all the way from $50,000,000 to $500,000,000. But with $50,000,000 in a country like China an ordinarily economical man could get along very comfortably.

The town of Kankakee, near Chicago, is trying to solve the servant girl problem by employing negro girls from the South, whom they agree to pay $3 a week. A little later on they will be trying to solve the negro girl problem.

Six burglars held up an editor in an Ohio town a few nights ago. When they gazed on the combined output of the search, they apologized, stood up in a row and asked him to kick 'em for being such idiots. But as the joke was on them, he declined the invitation.

Ex-Governor Eaton, of Colorado, makes farming pay. He owns about 25,000 acres, which he has divided into farms of from 40 to 160 acres, which he rents. But he insists on having the farming done right and as a result the crops are enormous. His share of the proceeds—one half—is from $200,000 to $500,000 a year.

The Geary Chinese Exclusion act expires by limitation on the 5th of May. It is said that the Pacific Railroads are trying to prevent its re-enactment, and are calculating on doing a big business carrying Chinese immigrants East if they succeed. With the disturbances and famines in sections of China there surely would be a rush to this country.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

LOCAL DOTS.

— A called meeting of the Board of County Commissioners will be held this afternoon at 2:30.

— As the Star employs no travelling agents, bills are sent direct to subscribers. These bills should receive prompt attention.

— The schooner *Ida C. Schoolcraft*, Capt. Robinson, cleared yesterday with a cargo of lumber consigned by the Cape Fear Lumber Co. to Norwich, Conn.

— The alarm of fire last night at 7:29 o'clock from box No. 124 was on account of a small blaze in the dust room of the Cape Fear Lumber Company. The damage was slight.

— There was an advance of ten points in the New York cotton market yesterday, but the local quotations remained unchanged at 7¼ cents for middling. Receipts yesterday were 2,735 bales.

— The steamer *E. A. Hawes* arrived in port Wednesday night from Fayetteville and cleared yesterday afternoon for the return. The *Driver* was also in port and cleared yesterday afternoon for Fayetteville.

NOTED HYPNOTIST COMING.

Sevengala Will Begin Five Nights' Engagement Here Next Monday Night.

Beginning Monday night, Nov. 18th, Sevengala, the noted hypnotist, will have a five nights' engagement at the Opera House at popular prices, ladies being admitted free for the opening performance. The Pittston, Pa., *Gazette* says of an appearance in that town:

"Pittston had its first visit last evening from Sevengala, the noted hypnotist, who opened a week's engagement in Music Hall. There was a good audience in attendance. Sevengala's performance was certainly wonderful. About a dozen subjects, taken from the audience, all being well known residents of the community, were completely under hypnotic influence, doing all sorts of things at suggestions transferred by thought from the operator. Sevengala will be here all the week, and the programme will be changed every evening."

Lovett's Boston Stars.

The second entertainment of the "Association Course," under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, was given last evening in the auditorium of the Y. M. C. A. building by Lovett's Boston Stars. An immense audience greeted the popular and distinguished artists composing the company, and each number on the admirably arranged programme was a gem in itself. It would be unjust to individualize in speaking of the many charming selections on the programme but suffice it to say that it was one of the most enjoyable concerts in the recollection of the admirers of wholesome amusement in Wilmington.

"Blind Tom" a Success.

The appearance of "Blind Tom," the celebrated negro musical prodigy, at the Opera House last night, was one of the most interesting of the season. His performance was indeed marvellous and those who have heard him in past years unhesitatingly say that he is "the original." His rendition of classical selections was superb and his imitative features were wonderful and some of them highly amusing. He will appear again at matinee at 3 o'clock this afternoon and in a last performance at night. Seats are now on sale at Gerken's.

New Baptist Association.

A large delegation of Wilmington Baptists went up to Burgaw yesterday for the purpose of forming the new Baptist Association recently spoken of in these columns. In the party were Rev. C. S. Blackwell, D.D., First Church; Rev. J. J. Payseur, Brooklyn church; Rev. R. H. Herring, Southside, and Rev. R. H. Hewlett, Messrs. D. L. Gore, J. S. Canady, R. B. Moore, J. P. Herring and C. D. Weeks. Most of them returned last evening after perfecting the organization.

Returned Stolen Goods.

The articles of clothing and jewelry, with the exception of a gold watch, which were recently stolen from the residence of Mr. H. W. Konig, on Fourth street, were returned a few days ago bundled together under the house. They were evidently returned by some one in sympathy with the colored woman now in jail charged with their theft.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Lillie Drew, of Southport, arrived in the city last evening to spend a few days with relatives and friends.

— Col. T. H. Bain, inspector general of the State Guard, will be here next week to inspect the W. L. I., Naval Reserves and Second Regiment Band. He will arrive from Goldsboro.

— Miss Ida Ninnis, a popular and fascinating young lady of Pittsburg, Pa., who has spent the past several months in the city, left last evening, returning to her home, much to the regret of a host of admiring friends in Wilmington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

D. O'Connor—For rent.

Opera House—The Sevengalas.

N. F. Parker—Daughters of the Confederacy.

MISS BLANCHE K. CHADBOURN

News of Her Death Received With Universal Expressions of Sorrow—Funeral From Church To-day.

Perhaps the announcement of no death in Wilmington for some time has brought forth such universal expressions of regret and sorrow as did that of Miss Blanche King Chadbourn, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., which occurred soon after midnight yesterday and which was briefly noted in these columns the same morning.

Miss Chadbourn contracted malarial fever while at St. Mary's College about two weeks ago and was brought home by her parents and Dr. C. P. Bolles soon afterwards, her brother, Mr. George Chadbourn, returning home from the State University on account of illness with fever at the same time. Miss Chadbourn appeared to be doing well for several days after returning home, but complications set in, causing her death yesterday morning.

In Wilmington she was very popular with a wide circle of friends and to them the news of her death came unexpected and as a sad blow. She possessed many charms of personality and a disposition which made her a favorite everywhere. In school she was also much loved by her class and college mates and nowhere will the tidings of her death carry with it a greater burden of sorrow than to those to whom she was a friend and an associate in the class room.

The funeral will be conducted this morning at 10:30 o'clock from the First Presbyterian church, thence to Oakdale cemetery. On account of serious illness in the family, friends are kindly requested not to come to the house for the funeral.

PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Negro Children of School Age—A Decrease—Total Enrollment.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 14.—The Superintendent of Public Instruction issues a summary of the negro school census, showing a decrease of 531 in negro children of school age as compared with last year. The figures are 219,677, against 220,193 last year. However, there is an increase in enrollment this year of 11,095, being a gain of over 25 per cent. over last year. The census shows 1,737 Indian children in Robeson county, 1,139 of them being in school. Scotland county has 115 Croatan children. The number in school does not include those in the Normal at Pate's.

The census of white children, published heretofore, added to the Croatans and negroes, gives 670,885 children of school age, and 322,497 enrolled in the public schools. The attendance of white children increased 22 per cent., against 25 per cent. by negroes.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice Nov. 14th, 1901.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Sallie Alston, Annie Brown, Dora Brown, Sallie Burrows, Helen Croom, Jennie Cowan, Jno Cooker, C W Davis, Jno Davis, Annie Henderson, Carry Hill, Emma Hayes, Mary H Harrison, Will Hall, Milly Jackson, Ella McDonler, J Milles, Etta Nash, J L Porter, W W Paxton, Sallie Robeson, Vinaw Rogers, A L Staples.

MEN'S LIST.

S A Ashe, Jno Boney, George W Brown, W M Boon, Willie Branch, Bert Cobb, J B Carr, T L Cole, W L Collins, Duke Davis, C Delanie, Wm Douglass, Hanby Ellis, Henry Evans, Rev J B Exum, James Everett, W J Edwards, Noah Fowler, W J Flynn, Henry Gordan, Isaac Goodman, W L Geanes, R M Garner, Daren Jacol, Jno A Jones, A B Moore 2, Geo McRae, R M Moore, S McBride, S J McPherson, W L Matterson, Willie Moore, W McAlister, G D Potter, L C Potter, R Pitman, W Pridgen, Chas Robinson, F C Roam, A G Sheldon, D Stone, F M Shepard, J Strickland, Jake Spell, L H Southerland, P Shuler, R J Stelges, S L Smith, N P Webb, Frank Wood, B F Whitaker.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Lea Staphnson, Senia Southerland, Leah Weeks, Annie Wadkins, W J Jordan, Alex Leadly, Niel Lewis, Annie McMillan, J J Ponter, Davis Alma, Hattie.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. Darby, Postmaster.

THE NEWS FROM LAURINBURG.

New Jail and Court House About Completed—Assault Upon Croatan Girl.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

Laurinburg, N. C., November 14.—The Superior Court convenes here on next Monday for the trial of criminal cases. As it is the first Criminal Court of the new county of Scotland, there are a good many cases to be tried, there having been no Criminal Court in a year, owing to inadequate provisions for such.

The new jail, modern and a model, though not so large as some others, is a beauty, as beauty in such things goes. It will be near enough ready, it is hoped, to be used during court. The new court house, a model indeed, will be completed about January 1st.

Last Sunday afternoon about six miles from town, near Stewart, on the A. & Y. R. R., a half-breed, evidently, though claiming to be white, who hails from Virginia, committed the nameless crime on a Croatan Indian girl of fifteen years, and is now in jail awaiting the fight next week in the Superior Court for his life. The evidence appears positive. Three people swear positively as to the offence and identify the assailant. The father, Turtle Locklear, has employed Mr. M. L. John to prosecute, and it is probable that Mr. Cox will defend.

UNITED DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Second Day's Sessions of the Eighth Annual Convention Now Being Held in Wilmington—Credential Committee's Report Received and Encouraging Words Spoken by National Officers and State President—Reception by Wilmington Light Infantry—Some General Notes of the Meeting.

Both the morning and afternoon sessions of the eighth annual convention, United Daughters of the Confederacy, were almost entirely taken up yesterday in hearing reports from the national officers and receiving those of the presidents of the State divisions. All the reports were very comprehensive and indicative of a very healthy growth of the organization during the past fiscal year.

The morning session was called to order by Mrs. Edwin Weed, the president, at 9:30 o'clock and the convention hall was well filled with delegates in anticipation of the report of the Credential Committee, which was deferred from the afternoon previous and which was regarded as very important in that it would determine the voting strength of each delegation in convention. The submission of the report upon the opening business session on Wednesday provoked an animated discussion between several of the delegations as to the strength in convention to which they were entitled.

The report yesterday morning was received without controversy and shows the following interesting statistics as to the make-up of the body, which is regarded as the most representative of the United Daughters, which has assembled in several years:

Alabama—Mrs. A. L. Dowdell, State president; chapters, 39; membership, 1,431; votes in convention, 70.

Arkansas—Mrs. B. E. Benton, president; chapters, 21; membership, 599; votes in conventiop, 13.

California—Five chapters; membership, 187; votes in convention, 8.

District of Columbia—Mrs. N. V. Randolph, of Richmond, by proxy; one chapter; membership, 20; votes in convention, one.

Florida—Mrs. J. W. Tench, Gainsville, president; chapters, 15; membership, 396; votes in convention, 19.

Georgia—Mrs. H. A. Rounsaville, president; chapters, 51; membership, 1,955; votes in convention, 88.

Indiana—Not represented.

Indian Territory—Four chapters, membership represented, 29; vote in convention, 1.

Kentucky—Mrs. R. G. Stoner, president; chapters, 39; membership, 1,483; vote in convention, 65.

Louisiana—Mrs. J. Pinckney Smith, of New Orleans, president; chapters, 15; membership, 496; vote in convention, 23.

Maryland—Mrs. D. Girand Wright, president; chapters, 6; membership, 889; vote in convention, 38.

Mississippi—Mrs. J. D. McInnis, president; chapters, 33; vote in convention, 21.

Missouri—Mrs. A. E. Asbury, president; chapters, 9; membership, 1,073; vote in convention, 17.

New York—New York Chapter, No. 103, New York City; chapters, 1; membership, 154; vote in convention, 7.

North Carolina—Mrs. Wm. H. Overman, president; chapters, 34; membership, 1,386; vote in convention, 66.

Ohio—Mrs. T. M Worcester and Mrs. Mary Patton Hudson, proxies; chapters, 2; membership, 60; vote in convention, 2.

Oklahoma Territory—Not represented.

South Carolina—Mrs. Thos. Taylor, president; chapters, 34; membership, 1,078; vote in convention, 51.

Tennessee—Mrs. T. J. Latham, president; chapters, 34; membership, 1,489; vote in convention, 68.

Texas—Mrs. Cone Johnson, president; chapters, 83; membership, 3,455; vote in convention, 159.

Virginia—Mrs. W. C. N. Merchant, of Richmond, president; chapters, 25; membership, 1,224; vote in convention, 59.

Virginia (Grand Division)—Mrs. Robert T. Meade, president; chapters, 40; membership, 1,234; chapter vote, 54.

West Virginia—Mrs. Virginia F. M. McSherry, president; chapters, 22; membership 559; chapter vote in convention, 30.

The total membership represented in the convention is 20,186 and the State chapter vote in convention either by person or by proxy is 873. The number of chapters given above is the actual number existing in each State, though many of them are not present. Each State president is entitled to one vote when present at the convention.

When the matter of credentials had been settled the convention entered upon perhaps the most pleasant duty of its session—hearing reports from the national officers and from each State in the realm of the United Daughters.

The report of Mrs. Edwin Gardner Weed, as president, came first and proved one of the most interesting and most carefully prepared of any of those presented. This was followed by those of Mrs. W. W. Read, of New York, first vice president, and Mrs. S. Thomas McCullough, of Staunton, Va., second vice president. These were encouraging and carefully written.

Mrs. John P. Hickman, of Nashville, Tenn., the recording secretary, next presented her report, which was perhaps the most interesting of the session, dealing in a comprehensive manner, as it did, with the progress of the United Daughters during the past fiscal year.

Mrs. Hickman's report was as follows:

"Ladies of the Convention:—Your secretary is debarred from any flights of rhetoric or poetry, even were she so gifted, as her report is necessarily long in dealing with the business of our Association. We have now one of the largest organizations of women in the world, and one that demands the constant attention of its recording secretary. Therefore, I will give you a concise statement of my work, hoping that what I have done, and the way of its doing, will meet your approbation.

"Immediately on my return from Montgomery, I commenced work on the minutes of our convention of 1900. I had to write for a number of important reports, that were presented to the convention, and withdrawn for revision, also had to send notices to chapters for rosters of officers, not only once, but several times to a number of chapters. On February 1st my minutes were ready for the press, save several important reports, which I was unable to obtain. Finally, on March 11th, I received the last report, and sent my manuscript to our president for her examination and approval. I received it back on March 23rd, but it could not then go to the printers until examined and approved by the committee. Two of the committee resided in Louisville, which necessitated Mrs. Goodlett, the third member of the committee, and myself carrying the manuscript there, in order that the committee could go over it together. We returned from Louisville on March 29th, and the minutes went in the hands of the printers at once. In some instances I have been criticised for not publishing the minutes sooner, but I hope the foregoing explanation will silence any critics on that point.

"When the minutes went to press there were 482 chapters in the Association, besides the new chapters to be chartered, and which were to be taken into consideration. I, therefore, had five thousand copies printed, thinking I could send ten copies to each chapter for twenty-five cents in postage. I then sent a notice to each chapter that if it would send me twenty-five cents I would mail it the minutes. However, when the minutes were ready for delivery, only seven copies could be sent for the postage. Besides 134 chapters did not send the postage, consequently I have a great number of the minutes on hand. I am at a loss to suggest how the minutes can be gotten to the chapters. The minutes of 1898 were sent by express, at a cost of forty-five cents to each chapter, and a great many were never taken out of the express office. The minutes of 1899 I sent by express, marked prepaid, at a cost of twenty-five cents each, but a number of the chapters did not refund, and the Association had it to pay. If the minutes were sent to the chapters free it would cost the Association, with the present number of chapters, $135. It seems that each chapter could, and would be glad to send twenty-five cents for the minutes, but, as before seen, a number will not do so.

"The Association being larger, my duties for the past year have been more arduous than heretofore, and have commanded my entire time, often working until late at night. During this year I have received and entered 1,808 letters, and have written and mailed 1,839 letters. I have also mailed to the chapters the following printed matter: 482 notices for rosters, 4,750 copies of the constitution and by-laws, 2,875 copies of rules for bestowal of Crosses of Honor, 21,710 certificates for Crosses of Honor, 3,657 minutes of the Montgomery Convention, 526 notices that the minutes would be sent on receipt of twenty-five cents, 1,087 notices of amendments to constitution and by-laws, 2,693 certificates of membership. I have also issued and mailed 110 charters for inauguration of new chapters. I also had printed and expressed to Miss Mary F. Meares, corresponding secretary, 500 calls for this convention and 1,000 credential blanks, with a list of new chapters chartered.

"Permit me to say that the provision of the by-laws, requiring the State secretaries to mail the convention notices and credentials to the chapters, has not proven a success. I have received letters from a number of chapters requesting notices and credential blanks, saying they had not received them, and I have received fewer credentials than ever before.

"Thirty chapters sent me their per capita tax, which I forwarded, on receipt, to the treasurer, Mrs. J. Jefferson Thomas. With the growth of the Association business increases, and with it expenses; therefore the expense of my office has been greater this year than ever. To illustrate: the minutes of 1898 cost $353.00; those of 1899, $453.00, and those of 1900 cost $637.80. The total expense of my office for the past year has been $1,022.98. Independent of this, I have used $17.80 in postage received for certificates. This expense was created as follows: minutes, $637.80; printing for "Crosses of Honor," $90.25; certificates, $74.00; charters, $7.00; postage, $81.50; stationary, printing, ribbon, seals, tubes, etc., $132.43.

"However, I would say that at least half, if not more, of the postage used has been on account of the Crosses of Honor. Of the certificates printed, I now have on hand about 1,500 and one hundred blank charters.

"In closing my report I desire to return thanks to every member of the Association, with whom I have had correspondence, for the uniform courtesy extended to me on all occasions. My work has been onerous but I have performed it, knowing I was assisting, in my humble way, in perpetuating the history of the Old South, the like of which will never be known again. Her people were our people, and her graves and buried glories are our everlasting renown. With love for every 'daughter,' and with the hope that our work may be an inspiration for those who follow, this report is respectfully submitted."

Mrs. Hickman's report was followed by that of Miss Mary F. Meares, of Wilmington, the corresponding secretary of the United Daughters. Miss Meares' report was full of interest to the convention, well written and of a comprehensive nature.

The last report of the day was that of Mrs. J. Jefferson Thomas, of Atlanta, but it was not presented to the convention for the reason that the auditing committee had not then passed upon it. The committee will meet this morning and the report will likely reach the convention during to day's sessions.

When the report of the national officers had been completed, all of which showed the organization in a most flourishing condition, the president called for reports from each of the State divisions and the remainder of the morning and all of the afternoon session was consumed in hearing them.

The State presidents were present in nearly every instance to read the reports, and all of them were liberally punctuated with applause. Before a recess was taken for lunch at 1:30 o'clock, reports had been received from the following: Alabama, Arkansas, California, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland and the District of Columbia.

The afternoon session was convened at 3 o'clock and continued until 6 P. M., during which time the remainder of the reports were heard with the exception of that from Florida, which was postponed until to-day on account of the illness of the State president, Mrs. Jno. W. Tench, of Gainesville, who is a guest at The Orton. The convention adopted resolutions of regret at the sickness of Mrs. Tench, which expressed the hope that she would be sufficiently recovered to resume her place to day.

A very pleasing little incident took place just prior to the reading of the report from Texas. Miss Mary Meares, the corresponding secretary, introduced Master George L. Shepard, of this city, saying that he wished to present a token to the United Daughters and that he was a son of the late Mr. Thos. Alfred Shepard, of this city, a gallant Confederate veteran. Master Shepard arose from a seat on the platform and handed to Mrs. Weed, the president, a photograph of scenery about Wilmington and accompanied the gift with a neat and patriotic little speech about his father's regiment in the war—"The Bloody Eighteenth North Carolina"—and about the sacred bits of North Carolina history which cluster around the lower Cape Fear, closing with a reference to the Wilmington riot in 1898. He was accorded the wildest demonstrations of applause and at one time was about to resume his seat so prolonged was the demonstration, but as soon as it ceased he came back to the front of the rostrum and concluded, whereupon several delegates simultaneously proposed a vote of thanks for the likely young Confederate, which was given enthusiastically by acclamation.

The convention hopes to reach the important business of the session today. Much of the time thus far has been taken up with routine work and that of an informal character not strictly in the province of the body proper. Two sessions will be held to-day beginning at 9:30 o'clock this morning and 8 o'clock this evening. One of the features of the evening session will be the delivery by Judge George L. Christian, of Richmond, Va., of his famous address, "Sherman's March Through Georgia." This will occupy about 45 minutes in delivery and the remainder of the session will be given over to business.

This afternoon at 2 o'clock the visiting Daughters will be guests of Cape Fear Chapter for a trip to Wrightsville Beach. They will return in time for the evening session, of course.

Notes of the Convention.

The last session of the convention will be held Sunday morning, but much business is for transaction before that time. Officers are to be elected and a place for next year's meeting is to be chosen. Baltimore and New Orleans are each working for the convention and it is learned that other cities will also extend invitations.

The Jefferson Davis Monument Association did not make a report yesterday, but this important item in the scope of the convention will likely be reached to day. Mrs. Norman V. Randolph, of Richmond, the secretary of the committee, is a most earnest worker in the cause and one of the most prominent members of the Virginia delegation. Mrs. Randolph says that a meeting of the Monument committee was held yesterday but nothing was accomplished other than preliminary work.

The report of the Texas Division yesterday, through Mrs. Cone Johnson, its president, was one of the notable ones of the day. Texas has by far the largest number of chapters of any State represented, and her delegation at the convention this year is among the most able in United Daughter circles.

Virginia is represented by two divisions and the report of each yesterday in convention was entirely characteristic of the "Old Dominion" in everything that pertains to the Confederacy. The State is represented by a large delegation of cultivated and very able women.

All North Carolinians were proud of their report in the convention yesterday, which was read in a charming style by Mrs. Wm. H. Overman, of Salisbury, State president. The "Old North State" has 33 chapters within its borders and is accredited with 66 votes in the convention. Of the chapters in the State, Wilmington, Washington, Salisbury, Raleigh, Asheville, Henderson, Newbern, Winston, Concord, Charlotte, Pittsboro, Statesville, Lenoir, Greensboro, Morganton, Greenville, Lexington, Hillsboro, Kittrell, Goldsboro, Durham, Wadesboro, Wilson, Williamston, Shelby, Middleton, Lincolnton and Fayetteville are represented.

Georgia's report yesterday was universally complimented, both for the subject matter it contained and the excellent manner in which it was read.

Mrs. R. G. Stoner, president of the Kentucky Division, is one of the prominent members of the convention and takes a most active part in its discussion. Under Mrs. Stoner's administration last year eleven new chapters were organized in the "Blue Grass State" and phenomenal advancement was made in the ranks of organizations already existing. Mrs. James E. Cantrill, of Kentucky, wife of Judge Cantrill, is another prominent member of the delegation from that State.

In a year and a half during Mrs. T. J. Latham's presidency of the Tennessee Division, a dozen new chapters have been formed and the organization in that State otherwise strengthened.

Governor Chas. B. Aycock, who delivered an address to the daughters at the opening of the convention Wednesday and who was a guest of honor at the reception by Cape Fear Chapter Wednesday night, returned to Raleigh yesterday.

Reception at Light Infantry Armory.

The reception last night from 8:30 to 12 o'clock by the Wilmington Light Infantry was indeed a brilliant affair, reflecting much credit upon the committee of young men from the company who arranged it. The reception was given in the handsomely appointed armory of the W. L. I. on Market street, and during the progress of the event, hundreds of local and visiting Daughters were received. Members of the company were uniformed in grey with white helmets, and their armory was decorated with a wealth of evergreens, flowers, Confederate flags, bunting and emblems. Upon the walls of the rooms of the building, which were magnificently lighted, were pictures of famous Confederates, and battle scenes. Capt. Adrian, commanding the company, and Messrs. E. A. Metts and Roger Moore, of the reception committee, were assisted in receiving in the library by Mrs. Gabriel Holmes, Mrs. Wm. M. Parsley, Mrs. Gaston Meares, Miss Mary Meares, of Wilmington, and Mrs. Edwin Gardner Weed, president of the U. D. C.

There was a very fashionable assemblage of women, and the gowns worn were magnificent. Delightful refreshments were served during the progress of the reception, and in the assembly room a programme of vocal and instrumental selections was rendered by some of Wilmington's most charming talent.

The armory will be open this morning for the inspection of the public and all who desire are cordially invited to call.

DIED.

CHADBOURN—At the residence of her parents, No. 321 South Front street, on Wednesday at midnight, of malarial fever, BLANCHE KING, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas H. Chadbourn, Jr.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at the First Presbyterian Church this (Friday) morning at 10:30 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"The Daughters of the Confederacy"

Are respectfully invited to call and see—not buy—as nice a line of Furniture as has ever been shown in the south.

The proprietor is a native Wilmingtonian and his due to the "Stick to Home" feeling that pervades the Daughters of the Confederacy, that he has been successful in business.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

111 Market street.

Bell 'Phone 613 Inter-State 621.

nov 15 tf

Opera House

5 NIGHTS OF FUN!

Beginning Monday, November 18.

The King of fun makers SEVENGALA.

The reigning New York Novelty Success.

THE SEVENGALAS.

Prof. W and Mlle Minerva in their astonishing novelty, Le Transmission by Telepathy.

Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.

Reserved seats on sale at Gerken's

Take a upon accompanied by one 30 cent ticket will admit one lady free to reserved seat Monday night.

nov 15 3t

Black Maria

Is all the go. The best Twist Chewing Tobacco on the market. I am able to supply my customers in any size lots.

Molasses and Syrup.

Bargains in Porto Rico, New Orleans and Cuba Molasses. Any grades at lowest prices.

Heavy Fancy and staple Groceries of all kinds. Write for prices or call

PETER McQUEEN, Jr.,

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

No. 108 North Water St.

oct 1 tf

Bagging and Ties.

Salt on hand and cargo to arrive.

Molasses,

Imported and Domestic.

Cheese, Full Cream.

Sardines, Salmon, Cakes.

Dunlap Meal.

Corn, Oats, Hay.

Lime, Cement.

The Worth Co.

sep 13 tf

WINTER NECESSITIES.

BLANKETS,
COMFORTS,
DRESS GOODS,
UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY,
CLOAKS,
CAPES,
HATS,
CAPS.

S. & B. SOLOMON,

Wholesale—Retail.

nov 10 tf

Mullets!

NEW CATCH JUST IN.

Also Fish Barrels for packing Mullets.

Salt in 200 lbs., 180 lbs. and 100 lbs. Sacks.

We also have a full line of Groceries such as

Flour, Sugar, Rice,

Coffee, Cakes, Candy, Sardines and Oysters, Virginia Water Ground Meal

and most any other thing that you can find in the grocery line. All of which we offer to the trade at living prices.

Williams Bros.

sep 28 tf

Fancy Fruits.

California and Seckel Pears.

Malaga and Catawba GRAPES.

Florida Pineapples and Grape Fruit.

JAMAICA ORANGES.

LADY FINGER, KING AND BALDWIN APPLES.

E. WARREN & SON.

nov 12 1y

Huyler's Candies.

FRESH EVERY WEEK.

Lowney's Chocolates and Bon Bons.

HOME-MADE CANDY

15c per pound.

Fruits of All Kinds.

Ice Cream,

ANY FLAVOR.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

204 Princess Street.

Bell 'Phone 680. Inter-State 132.

oct 19 tf

OFFICE OF THE

Local Board of Fire Underwriters,

Wilmington, N. C.,
November 12th, 1901.

To the Insuring Public:

At a meeting of the Local Board of Fire Underwriters, this morning, the Secretary was instructed to call the attention of the Insuring Public that the use of any Gasoline Vapor Lamp is strictly prohibited without written permission; and that permits for the use of Approved Lamps will only be granted upon the additional charge of 25c per $100 for one lamp and 10c additional charge for each additional lamp permitted; same to apply to both buildings and contents. Yours respectfully,

S. M. BOATWRIGHT,
nov 13 3t we fr su Sec'y.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 13th, 1901.

The Board of Directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company have declared a dividend of two and one half (2½) per cent. on the preferred capital stock of the company. Dividend due and payable at the office of the Treasurer at Wilmington, N. C., on November 15th, 1901.

The transfer books will stand closed from November 5th to 15th inclusive.

JAMES F. POST,
Secretary.
nov 13 3t Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 13, 1901.

The regular Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Richmond, Va., on Monday, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1901, at 12 o'clock M.

JAMES F. POST,
nov 13 3t Secretary.

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

an 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15.

SHIPS WITHOUT SUBSIDIES

The advocates of ship subsidies are going to make a mighty effort to carry their scheme through Congress, and if they do the President will sign the bill. They have prepared themselves to bolster up their scheme with reports sent in by American consuls in other countries, by the commissioner of navigation, part of whose business seems to be, (judging from his reports) to boost subsidies. Whenever a government is found that grants money in any way whatever to ships, that is put down as a subsidy and used to prove that such government grants subsidies, thus encouraging and fostering a merchant marine and therefore this country if it hopes to have a merchant marine, must do the same thing.

But even if it were granted that some European countries and Japan do grant subsidies the largest aggregate they have figured out so far is about $12,000,000 or $15,000,000, whereas they ask $9,000,000 a year, or one half as much as all the other maritime nations pay together. They point to England with her thousands of merchantmen plying the seas of every clime, as a great object lesson in subsidies, showing what subsidies will do, as if these great fleets were the result of subsidies, when, as a matter of fact, not three per cent. of England's ships receive any government aid whatever, and those that do are required to render an equivalent in service in carrying the mails, doing transport service or something else to earn the money.

It is a somewhat remarkable fact that among the press of the country the most strenuous opponents of ship subsidies are papers published in our greatest seaport cities, cities which it would seem ought to be especially interested in having a great merchant marine. One of these is the Brooklyn (N. Y.) *Citizen* which gives its views on the Hanna scheme as follows:

It is worthy of note that the advocates of the Hanna Ship Subsidy bill are using the figures showing Great Britain's supremacy in the carrying trade of the world, as justifying the passage of a measure wich they claim would result in putting more American ships manned by American sailors and carrying American goods on the sea, and in diverting a large share of the ocean freights earned by the British to American pockets.

All this would be highly desirable if it came as the result of legitimate competition, and not at the cost of American taxpayers who own no ships; but, at the present time, there is a large fleet of American ships lying idle because the carrying trade is in British hands, and if they cannot legitimately compete with British ships, it is plain enough that no others could, unless the people of the country were compelled to pay the difference in cost of construction and operation, in the shape of a bounty or subsidy; and that the people object to.

They know very well, too, that British supremacy in this matter was not attained through bounties or subsidies, nor maintained thereby. The figures given by Benjamin Taylor, a Glasgow correspondent, in a recent number of *The Forum*, make this particularly clear; for, he shows that second-hand or old British vessels were sold to foreigners last year, and replaced with new ones by their owners, to the value of between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000, and that new vessels were built and sold to foreigners of the value of over $43,000,000; and none of these, of course, were constructed on the strength of a subsidy, but simply because there was a legitimate demand for them.

"Far more impresive, however," says "American Trade," in commenting on the statements of Mr. Taylor, "is the vast business of British ships on all seas, bearing the goods of all nations;" and then it quotes a paragraph showing that the amount of freight earned by British vessels, many of which may not enter a British port for years, is not less than $400,000,000 a year—and here it may be noted that while the cargoes of these vessels figure in the imports and exports of the countries they trade with the freight they earn, though a British receipt, is not included in the summation of British trade.

But, that this vast mercantile fleet, comprising more than half of the entire ocean going tonnage of the world, has not been built up from 4,233 000 tons in 1850 to 15,000,000 in 1900 by subsidies, is made particularly plain by the fact that England pays to her merchant shipping only the comparatively paltry sum of about $5,000,000 a year, and that not for subsidies but in return for the carrying of the mails to every port in the world. Divided up as subsidy, it would give but 33¼ cents per ton per annum—ridiculous to think of. Yet, our subsidizers and subsidy hunters, ignoring these figures, impudently refer to England's falsely-called subsidized fleet as a justification of their proposition to subsidize ours.

England is an island kingdom and is essentially a maritime nation. When she ceases to be a maritime nation and a maritime power she will cease to be a power of any kind. She has made the sea her special study and ships her dependence and has added to the number from year to year until she has become the great ship owner, builder and sailer of the world, and the world's ocean carrier, with ships to send anywhere for hire as a liveryman sends his carriages. It is absurd to suppose that these great fleets of ships were built with subsidies or that subsidies played any part in the building, although some subsidies may have been given to secure vessels to make regular trips to ports where without these the owners might not find it profitable to run them; but these are few and far between.

The fact is that English ship builders, who have a great deal of money invested in that business, have studied their trade until they understand it thoroughly and have thus taken the lead of all other European countries in that industry. To keep their hands employed they build ships and sell them to those who want to buy and hence you find British-built ships sailing under the flags of all nations. They don't get any subsidies for them and they don't get any subsidies for the ships they sell to Englishmen who send them all over the world as common carriers. If an Englishman finds he can buy the kind of ship he wants anywhere else on betterms than he can from British builders, he can buy it, raise the British flag at her masthead and sail that ship on any sea under that flag. And so can the German, the Frenchman, the Russian, the Dane, the Japanese and others, all of whom can have ships built in their own countries. The American is the only citizen of a maritime nation who is denied the privilege of buying a ship in another country and sailing her under his own flag.

If the Americans were given the same privilege that is given by other Governments to their ship owners, and allowed to buy their ships in the cheapest market and then given the same privilege others enjoy of sailing such ships under the protection of his country's flag Americans would soon come to the front again as ship owners and the American flag would cease to be a curiosity on the high seas and in foreign ports.

But it isn't ships for commerce these subsidy grabbers are working for but ships with susidies, subsidies being the main consideration.

HARBORING REFUGEES.

Governor Durbin, of Indiana, persists in refusing to recognize the requisition of the Governor of Kentucky for the extradition of W. S. Taylor and Charles Finley, refugees, charged with complicity in the assassination of Governor Goebel. They both fled from Kentucky and took refuge in Indiana, the former in Indianapolis, where he has since been and is now living.

Governor Durbin, being a fellow-Republican, has given him the protection of Indiana, and has refused to permit his extradition, although he does so in violation of the constitution of the United States, which provides that a person charged with treason, felony or any other crime, who flees from justice and is found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

Governor Durbin claims the right to exercise his discretionary judgment in the premises, and not believing that these refugees would have a fair trial, refuses to surrender them. He doesn't assume to assert their innocence of the charge; they may or may not, as far as he knows, be guilty, but he takes it for granted that they would not be given a fair and impartial trial, and therefore refuses to honor the requisition of the Governor of Kentucky.

It is an indisputably well established fact that Governor Goebel was assassinated as the result of a conspiracy, which no one now doubts, the only question being as to the conspirators, some of whom have been tried and convicted. W. S. Taylor who was, before Goebel, Governor of the State and Governor at the time of the assassination, is charged with complicity in the assassination; there was evidence enough of that to include him among the number indicted, and then instead of bravely standing his ground like a man to defend his honor and vindicate his name, he fled under cover of darkness and took refuge in Indiana, where he pleaded that he was the victim of partisan malice.

He may possibly be innocent; his complicity may have been based on misconstruction of words spoken, which he didn't mean as construed, but he will always be regarded as guilty while he refuses to face a jury of his countrymen in open trial, and the Governor who, in violation of law, harbors and protects him, is as guilty as he. One is charged with the assassination of a man, the the other is an assassin of the law, which he is sworn to uphold.

PENSIONS IN GEORGIA.

The pension question is becoming a disturbing factor in Georgia. This year the State will pay about $500,000 in pensions to Confederate veterans, a pretty large sum for one State, and a State, too, which didn't furnish a remarkably large number of men for the war. But the pensions are liberal, and this is a temptation to add to the roll.

As a measure of restraint a bill has been introdnced in the Legislature which provides that no pension shall be paid to any one who owns as much as $1,000 worth of property or has an income of $300 a year, which is more property and more income, probably, than the majority of the white men of that State have, and therefore this bill is not a very close cutter as a restrainer. In commenting upon it the Savannah *News* says:

In view of the fact that the pension charge has been steadily increasing ever since the first pension bill was passed and the further fact that the people are complaining of the rate of taxation it is surprising that some such measure as this was not passed long ago. It was not the purpose of the people when they authorized the payment of pensions to contribute to the support of those who are well able to take care of themselves, but to prevent those having a claim on the State for services rendered in the Civil War from suffering actual want.

"There is testimony that there are persons drawing pensions who are well provided with this world's goods or are earning incomes that are sufficient for all of their reasonable wants. It is evident that this condition of affairs is not right. There are widows entitled to pensions who have not yet received a dollar because there is no money with which to pay them. If it were right that these well to-do pensioners should have pensions it would be time enough to pay them after those entitled to pensions who are in indigent circumstances were provided for."

It would be exceedingly difficult, if not impossible, to frame a pension law that would not be more or less of an incentive to cupidity, and that some would not take advantage of. In Georgia, according to the *News*, there are persons drawing pensions who are well provided with this world's goods, and are earning salaries that are sufficient for all of their reasonable wants" and yet in their avarice they take advantage of the generosity and humanity of their State to put money in their pockets, while this increases the pension burden on the people and makes it all the harder for them to deal more liberally with the really needy who have strong claims on sympathy and assistance.

There are men drawing pensions from the United States who are wealthy and have incomes on which they live in luxury. The fact is the pension business as it is conducted these days, when there is so much politics in it, is demoralizing and corrupting. As first contemplated it was all right, but with modern abuses it has become all wrong.

Twenty-one employes of the Carnegie Company at Pittsburg have received within the past week $1,000,000 in bonds of the company bearing 5 per cent. interest. It is stated that more than 50 per cent. of Andrew Carnegie's partners in the company obtained their present large holdings by gifts of stock. Carnegie knew valuable men when he saw them and knew how to hold them, too.

The opinion is so strong in Washington that Congress will order an investigation of the Schley-Sampson controversy, to get at both sides of it, that the attorneys for both admirals are already preparing for it.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The report comes from South Africa that a corps of surrendered Boers is enrolled under the British flag and "doing" good work. If the report meant what it seems to mean on its face, it would indicate an unprecedented quality for reconstruction among the sturdy patriots. The corps, however, is probably working in a stockade.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— Mr. Rayner thinks that if Dewey had not been a great naval officer he would have made a great judge. Mr. Rayner was astonished at the rapidity and directness of Dewey's grasp of intricate legal questions and the clearness with which he delivered the opinions of the court on questions raised. Dewey came of a family of lawyers, though he never studied law.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— The war between the beet and cane sugar men is interesting to the consumers. The former want the protective tariff maintained because cane sugar can be produced in Cuba at so much less cost than beet sugar here; and the latter want the tariff on the raw abolished for the same reason. The consumers are not considered by either, but what they want to know is, why they should be taxed to sustain other people's business, and why each region should not confine itself to the production of things which nature has fitted it to produce so cheaply as to defy competition.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— The G. A. R. will find it very hard to sustain their claim of impeccability in the pension rolls after the public has thoroughly digested the report of Commissioner Evans. Now, the Government should feel it a duty to send those who have drawn pensions after the death of the pensioner, who have robbed the children of the old soldiers and starved their widows, to some warmer place than is easily found during the Winter in this country. Such sins are the last the nation should tolerate.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

Schlitz

The beer that made Milwaukee famous

You drink some beers that cause bilious headache. Perhaps you think that all beers do.

The cause of biliousness is the lack of age—too much haste to put the beer on the market. To ferment beer thoroughly requires a process of months. Without it the fermentation takes place in your stomach. That is the cause of biliousness.

Hurried beer is unhealthful. Schlitz beer is kept for months in refrigerating rooms with a capacity of 265,000 barrels—kept almost at freezing point until it is well fermented. Schlitz beer is never marketed until thoroughly aged.

'Phone I. S. 322, Sol Bear & Co., 20 Market St., Wilmington. Call for the Brewery Bottling.

Never Causes Biliousness

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: The total valuation of property listed for taxation in Guilford county this year is $10,828 617. The increase over last year is $1,273 588

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. Samuel Faircloth, one of the oldest citizens of Fayetteville, died Wednesday morning at his home on Grove street, aged 86 years

— Tarboro *Southerner*: Whether the cotton, corn or peanut crops be short or long every person of intelligence admits that the hog crop is decidedly below the normal.

— Greenville *Reflector*: On Saturday afternoon while Mr. Wyatt Barber and his wife, who live a short distance from Greenville, were in town, some one broke into their house and stole a watch, a pistol and $35 in money. There is no clue to the thief.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: One hundred new looms are being placed in the Nokomis cotton mills this week. The new machinery is all of the latest improved make and is up-to-date in every respect. This addition will make a total of 350 looms in the Nokomis.

— Rockingham *Anglo-Saxon*: J. W. Yates and Neal Patterson got into some trouble at Hoffman last Saturday night and Yates struck Patterson over the head with a jug and fractured his skull for about four inches. We understand that Yates claims that Patterson attempted to draw a pistol on him when he struck him with the jug.

— Chatham *Record*: The injunction against the Chatham Coal and Iron Company has been withdrawn, and the litigation amicably settled. —A small colored child of William McKoy, of Cape Fear township was accidentally burned to death on last Saturday. It is the same old tale—was left alone in the house and caught on fire.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: In spite of the low price of cotton the farmers are bringing in a large number of bales. The fertilizer bills must be paid whether high or low prices prevail for farm products. The people do not understand why it is that cotton is selling at such a low price when such short crops have been made. There is but one answer and that is the money combinations. But few people are holding their cotton.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: On Tuesday, Nov 12th, Daniel Jackson Ellison was arraigned before F. L. Bundy, J., on the charge of assault upon Rachael Locklear, a child of 15 years at Campbell's mill near Stewart Station. The girl gave direct evidence and was corroborated by her mother and by others. The parties were Croatan. Ellison did not testify in his own behalf and was remanded to jail without privilege of bail, the offence being a capital one. It looks like a bad case.

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilmington District.

Burgaw church, Burgaw, Nov. 13.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Richlands, Nov. 15.
Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 16, 17.
Scott's Hill church, Scott's Hill Nov. 18.
Waccamaw, Nov. 22.
Whiteville, Chadbourn, Nov. 23, 24.
Bladen street, Nov. 27.
Market street, Nov. 28.
Kenansville, Charity, Nov. 29.
Magnolia, Providence, Nov. 30, Dec. 1.

R B. JOHN, P. E.

How to Cure Wrinkles.

After well washing your face at night in hot water, using any good soap, dry thoroughly and then rub in a little good cold cream, well massaging the wrinkled part. Wipe off any superfluous grease and then bathe it in cold water, to which rosewater and simple tincture of benzoin, which any chemist will mix for you in the right proportions, have been added in the proportion of half a teaspoonful to a pint, till your face glows. Afterward dry thoroughly.

How to Cream Canned Salmon.

Make a white sauce of one tablespoonful of butter, one tablespoonful of flour and one cup of milk. Season this with a little cayenne pepper. Break the contents of one can of salmon into small pieces and add them. Stir in one teaspoonful of lemon juice and a very little mace. Use chopped parsley for a garnish. This dish is improved when the mixture is put in shells, covered with buttered crumbs and browned in the oven.

With Reasonable Anticipations.

"Wife, where are those new handkerchiefs I bought?"

"Why, Edgar, you already have so many that I put them away to give you on your birthday."—Detroit Free Press.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long, writes Mrs. Charles Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1 00 Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 13, 1898

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT, St. Louis, M.—I can truly say that your TEETHINA is the greatest blessing to teething children that the world has ever known. I have used it two years and do not like to be without a box all the time. My baby would hardly have lived through his second summer if I had not used your powders. He is now strong and well, and has all his teeth. I never allow an opportunity to pass without recommending TEETHINA to mothers. May God reward you for the good you have done teething babies through this remedy. † Respectfully, Mrs. A. G. RUSSELL.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TWINKLINGS

— Bad Men: "Philadelphia politicians, then, are very corrupt?" "Oh, yes! Tammany Hall could go over there and run a reform movement."—*Puck.*

— Patient - What would you think of a warmer climate for me, doctor? Doctor—Good heavens, sir, that is just what I am trying to save you from!—*Punch.*

— Could Draw His Own Inference—Cholly—And did Miss Chipper say anything about me? Miss Cuttlige—She said you were just as bright as ever.—*Puck.*

— "My dear, are you feeling any better?" ask her fond mother. "I dunno," replied Dolly. "Is the jelly all gone?" "Yes, dear." "Well, I think I am well enough to get up now."—*Judge.*

— Great Scott!—Borus—"Naggus, I'm getting out a little pamphlet descriptive of the game of skat. Give me a good name for it, will you?" Naggus—"Well, call it "A Skit on Skat, by a Skate'"—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Advertising: Novelist (desperately)—"Unless my book succeeds at once, I shall starve to death!" Publisher (cordially)—"My dear, sir, I commend your resolution. Nothing you could do would better advertise your work, I think"—*Life.*

— The Colonel's Sophistry—I'll take a little of the same—out of the large black bottle, said Col. Stillwell, confidentially. I'm taking this for a cold, he added still more confidentially. But you haven't any cold I know that. But an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.—*Boston Transcript.*

— Friend (over the wine after dinner)—"Your wife is certainly a brilliantly handsome woman. I should think you would be jealous of her." His Host (confidentially)—"To tell you the truth, Seymour, am. I never invite anybody here that a sane woman could possibly take the least fancy to."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Brown—It is curious about people's beliefs. They will give entire credence to the most absurd things and put no faith whatever in the most obvious truths. Black—"Yes, I've noticed it. There's Green, now. He hasn't the least confidence in hash; but he'll eat all the croquets and mince pies you can set before him.—*Boston Globe*

IMPROVE THE THROAT.

How to Remedy Defects Produced by High Collars.

The English fashion of breakfast jackets with low sailor collars is being taken up by many beauty seekers. It is a sensible and becoming style and the best possible way to acquire a pretty neck and throat. Any number of society girls are making a practice of having all their house gowns constructed without collars, and as a consequence the improvement in the color of the skin is much hastened.

Absolute cleanliness is one of the requisites of a pretty neck. A thorough soaking in warm water and a pure soap should be given at least once a day; then a rinsing in clear warm water and finally in cold water to closes the pores. Tincture of benzoin added to the water will have a whitening effect on the skin. A few drops only are necessary.

Often the neck is disfigured by dark lines produced by high and stiff neckwear. In such a case cucumber milk will be found very beneficial. It should be well rubbed into the pores after they have been cleansed by the warm water and soap and before the cold water is used.

Probably the tissues are relaxed, and a general flabbiness is the result. To remedy this procure a good massage cream, and after the fingers have been annointed rotate the muscles of the neck firmly in a slanting direction from under the chin toward the shoulders and from the middle of the throat backward and upward toward the ears.

Breathing exercises will do much toward rounding out and strengthening the throat muscles.

How to Make Mutton Custard.

Fill a buttered custard dish with stale bread crumbs and finely chopped cooked mutton, lightly mixed. Beat one egg and add to it half a cupful of milk and a few grains of salt. Pour this mixture over the meat and crumbs and bake it in a pan of hot water or on top of the stove until the egg is lightly set. Do not allow the water around the custard dish to boil, or the egg will harden.

How to Make Strawberry Preserve.

To every pound of berries allow a pound of sugar. Put the fruit and sugar in alternate layers in an agate or porcelain preserving kettle; let it stand an hour to draw out the juice; put over the fire and cook slowly until the juice is thick. Put up in small glass jars and keep in a dry, dark place.

How to Repair Meerschaum.

To cement meerschaum pipes make a glue of finely powdered and sifted chalk and white of egg. Put a little of this glue on the parts to be repaired and hold them pressed together for a moment.

How to Remove Ink Spots.

Ink spots on cotton, silk or woolen fabrics should be treated with turpentine. Saturate the spots with spirits of turpentine and let it remain several hours; then rub it between the hands.

How to Make Almond Sandwich.

Almonds chopped and mixed with twice their bulk of crisp grated celery moistened with mayonnaise make a delicious sandwich filling.

How to Keep Parsley.

If you keep parsley wrapped up in a piece of wet cheesecloth, you can keep it for several weeks without it spoiling.

Working 24 Hours a Day.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache, drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers

Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

OVERBURDENED.

The Egyptian woman looks greatly overburdened, and yet the physical burdens she carries will not compare with the burdens borne by many an American woman. There is no burden like the burden of disease. The woman who suffers from inflammation or ulceration, bearing-down pains, weak back and nervousness, bears a burden which crushes her very life.

Every woman should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It cures the womanly diseases which cause weakness and feebleness. It quiets the nerves, cures the aching back and throbbing head, and gives strength for wifely cares and maternal duties.

"When I first wrote to you I was in a bad condition, and had almost given up," says Mrs. Bella Snider, of Wilkesville, Vinton Co., Ohio. "I was suffering from female trouble of the worst kind; I couldn't eat anything without suffering great distress; throat hurt me by spells; was nervous and weak. Had numb hands and arms, heart trouble, pains all through my body and aching head and neck. It seemed that I could not work at all. I got Dr. Pierce's medicine and took it as directed, and the first week it began to help me. I took three bottles and am glad to say that it did me more good than all the other medicine I ever took. I feel better than I have for years."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*, or if cloth bound volume is desired, send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The American Plums.

The American plums are now attracting much attention on account of their hardiness and freedom from injury by the plum curculio and the brown rot. In quality none of the pure natives has proved equal to the European or the best of the Japanese, but some of the new hybrids with the Japanese or the European are of fine quality and are very promising. Among the best of this group fruited are the Wild Goose, Hawkeye, Hammar, Gold and Golden. — Massachusetts Experiment Station.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute			7
Standard	7½		7¾
Burlaps	6		6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	12½@		14
Sides ₩ lb	9	@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	9	@	9½
Shoulders ₩ lb	19	@	13½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 35	@	1 45
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 45
New New York, each		@	1 80
New City, each		@	1 50
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ lb	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	70½
Virginia Meal	72½	@	75
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	20
Adamantine	9	@	11
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ₩ bunch of 5 lbs		@	
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel		@	4 00
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	3 75
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	1 00	@	2 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	6	@	10
Extra	6 00	@	8 00
FLOUR—₩ bbl—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 25
Choice	3 25	@	3 50
Straight	3 60	@	3 85
Fancy Patent	4 25	@	4 50
GLUE—₩ lb	8	@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	73	@	81
Mixed Corn	70	@	73
Oats, from store (mixed)		@	50
Oats, Rust Proof		@	70
Cow Peas	85	@	90
HIDES—₩ lb—			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ₩ 100 lbs			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	95
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	90
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	3	@	3½
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	12½@		14
Dairy Cream	12	@	13½
Half Cream	10	@	12½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	9½	@	12½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess		@	16 00
Rump		@	15 00
Prime		@	13 50
ROPE, ₩ lb	11	@	12
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	90	@	1 10
American	90	@	1 05
On 120 ₩ Sacks	50	@	55
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	5½@		5½
Standard A	5½@		5¾
White Extra C	5½@		5¾
Extra C, Golden	5@		5
C Yellow	4	@	4¼
LUMBER (city sawed), ₩ M—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	12 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	13 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	12 00	@	13 00
Dressed Flooring, assorted	13 00	@	20 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ₩ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads		@	28
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	32
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	30	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	30	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	20
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40	@	2 50
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	5½@		6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M, Sap—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	9 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ₩ M 24in basis	3 25	@	7 00
Sap	3 50	@	4 00
18in Heart	3 50	@	4 00
Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon Northern	1 60	@	1 70

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—600 bales cotton, 11 barrels tar, 11 baarels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—1,688 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 16 barrels rosin, 99 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—207 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 393 barrels rosin, 30 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—398 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 18 barrels tar.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—4 casks spirits turpentine, 60 barrels rosin, 14 barrels tar, 16 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer E A Hawes—100 barrels rosin, 40 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr Beria M. T—11 bales cotton.

Total—2,735 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 589 barrels rosin, 142 barrels tar, 50 barrels crude turpentine.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, November 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95c per barrel bid for strained and $1.00 per barrel bid for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.00 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 41¼c, dull at 41c; rosin steady at $1 20@1.25; tar steady at $1.55; crude turpentine firm at $1.40@2.40.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	19
Rosin	589
Tar	142
Crude turpentine	50

Receipts same day last year—53 casks spirits turpentine, 160 barrels rosin, 64 barrels tar, 83 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 13-16	cts. ₩ lb
Good ordinary	6 3-16	" "
Low middling	6 13-16	" "
Middling	7¼	" "
Good middling	7 11-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 9¼c for middling.

Receipts—2,735 bales; same day last year, 1,077.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 60@65c.

CORN—Firm; 75 to 77c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 12@13c; sides, 12@13c.

EGGS—Firm at 18@19c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@28c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 13½@15c; live, 9@10c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6¼c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 40@50c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Money on call firm at 3½@5 per cent., last loan at 3½ per cent., ruling rate — per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½ for demand and at 484½@484¾ for sixty days. The posted rates were 485 and 488@488¾. Commercial bills 483¾@483¾. Bar silver 56¾. Mexican dollars 45. Government bonds steady. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds were weak. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 108½; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108¾; U. S. 3's, reg'd 108; do. coupon, 108¾; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 139; do. coupon 139; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 112½; do. coupon, 112¾; U. S. 5's, do. reg'd, 107; coupon, 107; Southern Railway 5's 120½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 107; Chesapeake & Ohio 46¼; Manhattan L 128¾; N. Y. Central 160; Reading 44¾; do. 1st pref'd 77¾; do. 2nd pref'd 55¼; St. Paul 169¼; do. pref'd, 188; Southern R'way 33¾; do. pref'd 90¾; Amalgamated Copper 87; American Tobacco —; People's Gas 103¾; Sugar 119¼; Tennessee Coal and Iron 61¼; U. S. Leather M¾; do. pref'd, 81; Western Union 90¾; U. S. Steel 43; do. preferred 92¼; Mexican National 13¾; Standard Oil 708@712; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 81; do. preferred 123¾.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 14.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 26¾@26¾; do. preferred, 50¾@50¾; do 4s 85@85¼.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Rosin dull. Spirits turpentine dull at 37¼@38¼c.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 14.—Spirits turpentine firm and unchanged. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 14.—Spirits turpentine steady at 35¾c; receipts 1,307 casks; sales 559 casks; exports 110 casks Rosin firm; receipts 3,759 barrels; sales 1,734 barrels; exports 1,294 barrels. Prices unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of two to four points and continued to improve throughout the forenoon, and, in fact, practically all the rest of the session on general buying led by thoroughly frightened shorts. Even the bear leaders gave evidence of uneasiness and endeavored to get back cotton put out early in the week. On the advance Wall street, the South and Europe supported the market with great confidence, while selling was restricted to room operators having profits within easy reach. There was an abundance of bull news to support the upward movement. The receipts proved much smaller than predicted and brought out modifications of early estimates as to the net yield The first flurry of buying sent January to 8.8 and while there were reactions later, the market invariably regained the setback on renewed general support from the bull side and nervous covering by bear leaders. The English news was emphatically bullish, the weather reports indicated lower temperatures with rain in important sections, the estimates for to-morrow's receipts indicated further shrinkeage in the movement, while private advices from the South stated that exporters were large buyers of spot cotton at higher prices. The close was steady with prices net nine to twelve points higher.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Cotton quiet at 8c; net receipts 411 bales; gross 3,708 bales; stock 76,149 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet and 1-16c higher; middling uplands 8c; middling gulf 8¼c; sales 222 bales

PUZZLE PICTURE.

CAN YOU ASSIST THE YOUNG PEOPLE TO FIND THEIR LOST GRANDPA?

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee

To be perfectly DRY regardless of weather.

Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

214 South Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.

oct 27 tf

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres.

Capital $125,000.

DEPOSITS.	SURPLUS, ETC.
September, 1899, $ 945,000	$100,000
September, 1900, 1,100,000	120,000
September, 1901, 1,400,000	146,000

A modern bank according courteous and liberal treatment to its customers.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

J. W. YATES, Ass't Cashier. nov 3 tf

Aim Straight for Us

When you want a good shot gun that you can depend upon. We have now a goodly stock and your kind is here for we have all kinds—single barrel, double barrel and Winchester. Before you start on your shooting trip come here for shells. There are shells and shells but the kind you get here are all O. K.

Complete a line of Hardware at wholesale and retail as you will find in the city.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,

109 and 111 North Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 166 nov 2 tf

WHY SUFFER FROM CHILLS, FEVERS NIGHT SWEATS

ROBERTS' CURES CHILLS TASTELESS CURES GRIPPE CHILL TONIC NO CURE 25¢ NO PAY LOOK FOR THE RED CROSS ON EVERY BOTTLE

Grippe and all other forms of maladies when you can be cured by

Roberts' Chill Tonic

The world does not contain a better remedy. Many wonderful cures made by it. 25 cents a bottle. Money refunded if it fails to do the work. Delightful to take.

R. R. BELLAMY, Wilmington, N. C.
D. I. WATSON, Southport, N. C.

sep 20 D&W 1y sa tu th

300 Cheese.

100 Boxes Tobacco.

200 Sacks Coffee.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

sep 3 tf 19 Market street.

Capped the Climax.

Yes, we have reached that point by the introduction of four new "Climax" Chairs and other furniture to correspond. Our barbers are skilled in the business and our razors and other "trimmings" are, as they have always been, of the very best. We solicit your patronage.

DAVIS & GUION, 7 South Front St.

jne 5 tf

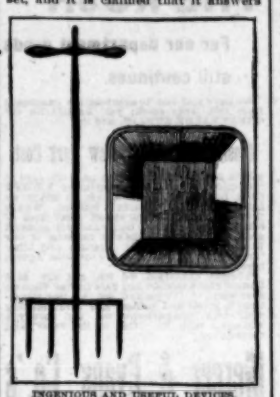
FRUIT AND FLOWERS

HORTICULTURISTS' HELPS.

Two Convenient Devices of Value When Setting Strawberry Plants.

Where strawberry plants are moved in the hot months without potting it requires considerable care and fussing to make sure of their growing. Two clever devices to aid in safe and successful transplanting, here shown, were originally presented in the Ohio Farmer. The first is a protector. After the plants have been carefully set and well watered, one of these protectors is turned over it, the whole side of the box being put to the south. The protectors are made from old strawberry baskets by cutting away with a knife one-half of two opposite sides of the basket, the removed portions being at opposite corners. The cutting away of part of two sides of the boxes is absolutely necessary to give air and light, otherwise the plants will make no headway, and perhaps damp off.

The tool shown is designed for mellowing the soil where a plant is to be set, and it is claimed that it answers



INGENIOUS AND USEFUL DEVICES.

the purpose admirably. Some of the Ohio strawberry growers who cultivate heavy clay land construct and use this special tool, which is a kind of five tined fork with a short stem and a cross handle like an auger. The tines are stout and thin one way, except the central one, which is round and about two inches the longest. The other four are set so as to break joints, one being an inch nearer the center than its mate upon the opposite side.

This tool is stuck into the ground wherever a plant is to be set and turned two or three times, thus thoroughly mellowing the ground five inches deep and eight inches in diameter.

The correspondent who describes this device says that in the case of ground which had not been cultivated for a month this tined auger made it as fine and mellow as possible.

The Procession of Shrubs.

One should make selections of shrubs with regard to a succession of flowers during the growing season and with equal regard to variety in the shapes of foliage and the forms and habits of the shrubs. To begin with the forsythia, this golden bell comes with its flowers early in April and lasts from four to six weeks, a mass of yellow blossoms from the base to the top.

Then the weigelias become attractive, with their profusion of flowers in colors from pure white to a dark maroon. These are good because of their freedom in flowering and ease of growth.

The spireas in great variety are most ornamental in July and August and may be used with all clusters of shrubs.

The hardy hydrangea (H. paniculata) is excellent for single specimens or when massed. The large panicles of white blossoms are very showy. The housewife will often carry them into the parlor in the fall in order to get the advantage of them during the winter months. This hydrangea is frequently planted on small grounds as single specimens where there is not sufficient space for a cluster of shrubs.

I would add to this list, in order to give some beauty during the cold winter months, the Red dogwood (Cornus sanguinea). This plant requires very vigorous pruning, cutting down close to the ground to get strong shoots with brightest color.

I would handle the umbrella tree (Paulownia imperialis) in the same way. Its greatest beauty is obtained when an annual growth is forced from the roots. It grows 14 or 15 feet high in a season, and the leaves become two feet broad, often three feet in length, and, placed as they are, alternately opposite, make a very fine and effective plant even in a flower garden.—F. C. Goble.

Grapevines.

Grapevines do remarkably well when trained on buildings of any kind, the east and south sides being preferred. It would be well to look around the premises and find places for a dozen vines or more. The fruit is generally more perfect in such places. There need be no fear of injury to the house by dampness, as the tendency is the other way, says an exchange.

Queer Things In an English Egg.

The Pall Mall Gazette tells the following remarkable egg story:

"A Scarborough gentleman was rather bewildered the other morning to find no fewer than 38 common pins and a shoemaker's brass sprig imbedded in the white of his breakfast egg. The egg had been bought in the Scarborough market, and it seems that one or two other eggs purchased there about the same time have been found to contain two or three pins each. The extraordinary egg is being preserved in spirits by a Scarborough naturalist."

What a strange taste the hen that laid that egg must have had! It is now in order for some one to rise to demonstrate that such a thing is an utter impossibility. Some people are so practical that they would spoil any good story for the sake of physiological accuracy.

How to Make Luncheon Toast.

Prepare slices of nicely browned toast, butter them and lay on lettuce leaves. Take large, thin slices of cold boiled ham, broil them over a clear fire, lay a slice on each piece of toast and pour hot melted cheese over each. Serve immediately.

The Brown Tailed Moth.

The brown tailed moth is proving to be the worst pest ever introduced in this neighborhood, writes a Bostonian to Gardening. Its voracity seems to be no less than that of its contemporary, the notorious gypsy moth, and it is reputed to have the effect in addition of irritating and poisoning the skin of those who touch it.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

THE BROILER.

A Branch of the Poultry Business That Can Be Made to Pay.

In entering the broiler business the most important requirement is good incubators, as without them failure is sure. To accompany the incubator one should have first class brooders, and of these the indoor is best, because you can easily attach a regulator, thereby guarding against smothering your chicks. If you are a good judge of the amount of heat a lamp will throw out when lit at night and left till morning, you can with safety use outdoor brooders. Where many chicks are hatched it is best to adopt the compartment brooder, heated by steam.

In raising broilers they must have warm, dry quarters. They must be fed little and often a variety of food and with lots of fresh, clean water. Their food should contain lots of oil. Skimmilk is splendid. My broilers cost from 20 to 40 cents a pair to raise, and when selling for 80 cents to $1.20 a pair I think it is a paying business.

I give my chickens six square inches each in the brooders and 18 square inches each in the yards. The brooder is raked out every morning while the chicks are eating, and the yards are swept with a wire broom every night after they go to bed. In this manner they are not frightened while the work is going on.

When I first began to raise broilers, I almost gave it up in disgust. It seemed I could not raise them successfully. When I looked into the matter, I found they were crowded and that the pens were not cleaned as they should be. Matters were changed, and to my astonishment my broilers then paid me better than my layers. Constant attention brings success. I would rather go without one of my meals every day than see my broilers go hungry, while I take pleasure in seeing my layers or the hungry side at all times.

As for sickness, it comes only a few times a year. The most common ailment is leg weakness. The moment this is noticed the weak chick is taken off by itself and fed about half as much as it was getting. In nearly all cases this chicken can be taken back the second day. By this method no weight is lost. Remember weight lost one day cannot be regained in three.—Cor. Reliable Poultry Journal.

How to Make Pot Cheese.

When you have a couple of quarts of clabbered milk, pour it into a tin pail or a saucepan and stand it in another larger kettle with hot water over the fire. Let it stand till the milk is just heated through; then pour it into a bag made of cheesecloth. Hang it up and let it drain till perfectly free from whey, which is the watery part of the curdled milk. When it is drained, empty the curd from this bag into an earthen dish, wet it with a little cream, mix a generous quantity of butter with it, working it through with your hands. Season it with a little salt and make it up into balls or pats and put it away in a cool place.

How to Pan Tomatoes.

Panned tomatoes are excellent served with roast meats. Put in a pan with two ounces of butter six firm tomatoes that have been cut and halved. Cook slowly on the top of the range for ten minutes, then brown quickly in the oven. Remove the tomatoes to a hot platter and make a sauce by adding to the browned butter two tablespoonfuls of flour and after it is rubbed smooth one pint of milk. Stir until boiling. Season well with salt and pepper and pour over the tomatoes. Garnish with parsley and points of toast.

A Fireman's Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa, "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters and, after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY. Price 50 cents. †

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Susan R. Meginney and F. M. Gallowy, plaintiffs against J. W. Monk, the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, November the 25th, 1901, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., the following subdivisions of land constituting one tract:

1st.—A tract beginning on the north side of the plank road leading from Wilmington to Scott's Hill at a stake on a tract of land formerly owned by J. L. Keen, at his corner on the plank road and running thence down said road N. 78 W. 210 feet to a stake by the side of said road; thence N. 5 W. 440 feet to a stake in said Keen's line; thence N. 78 E. 210 feet to a stake in said Keen's line, and thence with said line to the beginning, containing two acres.

2nd.—Another tract on the east side of Green's Mill Pond, beginning at the southwest corner of a tract of land formerly owned by John K. Currie on the north side of the plank road and running thence north 17 W. 60 poles to a stake; thence N. 73½ E. and parallel with the plank road 33½ poles; thence S. 17 E. 59½ poles to the plank road, and thence S. 77¼ W. 30½ poles, to the beginning, corner of J. K. Currie's line.

3rd.—Another tract beginning at a stake on the old Newbern road, and running thence with said road N. 17 W. 25 poles to a stake; thence S. 73½ E. 10 poles to the plank road; thence with the plank road N. 77¼ E. 90 poles to a stake and thence to the beginning.

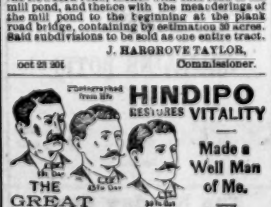
4th.—Another tract one and one-half miles from the City of Wilmington between the Newbern road and the plank road, and beginning in the south-ro line of the Newbern road at the northwest corner of a tract of land conveyed by S. A. Currie to Thomas Monk and running thence with Monk's line S. 5 E. 30 chains and ten links to the corner of a tract of land formerly owned by one Lamb; thence with Lamb's line S. 81 W. 4 chains and 85 links; thence with another of Lamb's lines S. 5 E. 6 chains and fifty links to the plank road; thence S. 79 W. ten chains and fifty links to a small pine, Monk's corner of a 25-acre tract purchased from T. H. Smith; thence N. 10¼ W. 30 chains and 58 links, to the beginning; containing 49 1-10 acres.

5 h.—Another tract beginning at the east end of the plank road bridge, as is formerly stood—high water mark—Hill W. King's line, and running thence with his line—high water mark—northwardly to the end of a big ditch near where the butcher pen stood; thence westwardly and parallel with the plank road to the run or creek of the mill pond; thence southwardly with the meanderings of said Green's mill pond, run or creek to the line of the plank road bridge, as is formerly stood and thence eastwardly with said line of said bridge to the beginning, containing by estimation two acres.

6 h.—And one other tract, beginning at a point on the eastern shore of Green's mill pond, and running thence N. 83 E. 6 chains to Monk's corner; thence N. 18 W. 30 chains and 66 links to the Newbern road; thence with said road to the mill pond, and thence with the meanderings of the mill pond to the beginning at the plank road bridge, containing by estimation 30 acres. Said subdivisions to be sold as one entire tract.

J. HARGROVE TAYLOR, Commissioner.

oct 23 30t



HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN G. HAREL, Paris

50 CTS.

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

mh th 1y

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD, Editor and Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

Rehder's Rehder's

KEEP WARM.

Every day last week our three stores were thronged with prudent buyers taking advantage of the many bargains offered in Winter Goods.

THIS WEEK'S DRAWING CARD.

Single Blankets worth 50c for 25c. Extra heavy 11-4 Cotton Blankets (double) for 99c. 10-4 North Carolina Wool Blankets for $2.98. 11-4 extra heavy all Wool Blankets for $4.98, sold elsewhere at $6.50 and $7.00.

Men's $1.00 natural Wool Undershirts 69c. Men's extra heavy Wool Fleeced Undershirts 95c, one of our great cut sellers.

Ladies' extra heavy White and Grey Vests for 23c. Extra values in Ladies' Vests at 48c, 75c and 98c. Pants to match.

Children's Vests 10c up to 75c, all sizes. $12.50 Men's Tan Overcoats, well made, for a few days only $5 00; 52 inch Broadcloth $1.00. Colors—Castor, Moss, Green, Roman Red, Pearl Grey and Black.

40 inch Homespun 50c. Colors—Pearl, Grey and Black; 52 inch Ladies' Cloth 75c. Colors—Black, Cardinal Remeda, Green, Castor, Brown and Light Grey.

We have everything needed for fancy work. Remember Christmas is but a few weeks off.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. nov 10 tf

YOU GET YOUR FOOT IN IT AND YOU WILL BE COMFORTABLE IF IT IS A

FLORSHEIM SHOE.

Just Received

A NEW LOT OF

Florsheim & Company's

IDEAL PAT KID SHOES

$5 and $6,

ANY SIZE YOU WANT.

WE HAVE THE BEST

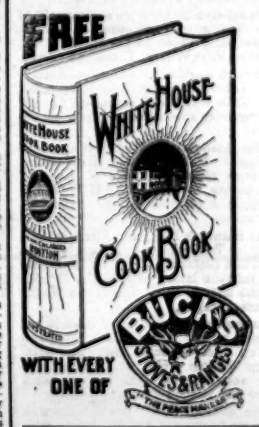
CORONA PAT. KID SHOES IN THE CITY FOR $3.50.

These Shoes will not crack.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

Bell 'Phone 603. nov 5 tf



WITH EVERY ONE OF

WHITE HOUSE COOK BOOK.

We have made arrangements with the publishers of this famous COOK BOOK, which enables us to present one to each purchaser of our

CELEBRATED BUCK WHITE ENAMELED LINE STEEL RANGES.

Original price of this book were $5 00 per copy. We have a fine assortment of Buck and other standard Cooking and Heating Machines. Also have some special prices.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

sep 18 tf Wilmington, N. C.

We All Want Our Money's Worth!

Which we guarantee to give you at our Store—be your wants great or small.

Our popular prices in Ladies' Shoes

Are from $1.50 to $3.00.

Our popular prices in Gents' Shoes are from $1.50 to $6.

These prices buy the best.

Come and see our bargain counter, where you get twice your money's worth.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

oct 27 tf.

The Murchison National Bank.

Of Wilmington, N. C.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

Assets $1 000,000.00.

Prompt and reliable service. Security. Every possible facility.

UNITED STATES, STATE AND CITY DEPOSITORY.

DIRECTORS.

K. M. MURCHISON, J. V. GRAINGER, M. J. CORBETT, W. B. COOPER, N. JACOBI, J. C. STEVENSON, R. W. WALLACE, JNO. F. McNAIR, A. B. NICHOLS, T. M. EMERSON, J. A. SPRINGER, H. C. McQUEEN.

oct 2 tf

VESTIBULED WEST INDIA SHORT LINE LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN	Leaves	Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:18 P. M., Charlotte 10:15 P. M.
TRAIN 38	Leaves	Charlotte 3:00 A. M., Hamlet at 6:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M., Pembroke 9:30 A. M., Lumberton 9:44 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10 50 p m	7 05 a m
Ar Monroe	12 20 a m	9 05 a m
Ar Charlotte	.....	10.01 a m
Ar Chester	1 42 a m	10 30 a m
Ar Greenwood	5 40 a m	12.55 p m
Ar Athens	6 28 a m	2 40 p m
Ar Atlanta	9 00 a m	3.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10 50 p m	7 00 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	10.35 a m
Ar Savannah	4 53 a m	1 47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.10 a m	6 10 p m
Ar Tampa	5 40 p m	6.15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.55 p m	8 00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 04 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	3.18 a m	12.39 p m
Ar Portsmouth	7.00 a m	5.00 p m
Ar Norfolk	.....	.....
Lv Hamlet	10.55 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 04 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	3.18 a m	12.39 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.45 a m	3.45 p m
Ar Richmond	6.32 a m	4.31 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	7 05 p m
Ar Baltimore	11 25 a m	11.20 p m
Ar New York	4.25 p m	5.30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 6.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 83, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 3.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10 40 p. m.; Portsmouth 9 30 p. m.; Norfolk 9 00 p. m.; Raleigh 4.10 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8 00 p. m.; Athens 11 32 p. m.; Chester 4.16 a. m.; Charlotte 6.50 a. m.; Monroe 8.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.35 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man. ma 26 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Train Arrive	Pass'g'r Train Leave
P. M.	P. M.	Goldsboro	A. M.	A. M.
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 37	9 00
7 00	7 07	Morehead City	7 05	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.32 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 9.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.08 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 22 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerve and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELLIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the nerves become single when renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY OR WRITE US ABOUT IT

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901, the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	3 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville
2 30 P. M.	3 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

THE 1831 COUNTRY Seventy-Second Year GENTLEMAN 1902

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper AND ADMITTEDLY THE Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines. No other paper pretends to compete with it in qualifications of editorial staff. Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of fullness and completeness not even attempted by others.

INDISPENSABLE TO All Country Residents WHO WISH TO KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES

Single Subscription, $1.50;

Two Subscriptions, $2.50;

Five Subscriptions, $5.50.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES

will be mailed free on request. It will pay any body interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON., Albany, N. Y.

oct 19 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Aug. 4, 1901. Corrected.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M.: No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.08 A. M., Warsaw 11.31 A. M., Goldsboro 12.31 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.49 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.30 P. M., Petersburg 5.50 P. M., Richmond 7.32 P. M., Norfolk 11.30 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.08 A. M., †Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.52 A. M., †Boston 5.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M.: No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.57 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.45 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.32 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., †Norfolk 1.10 P. M., Petersburg 2.42 A. M., Richmond 3.30 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 5.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.32 A. M., New York 1.00 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 4.15 P. M.: No. 86—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 8.25 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 2.45 P. M.: No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.28 P. M., Sumter 9 13 P. M., Columbia 10.50 P. M., Denmark 3.33 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.4 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M.: No. 33—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.06 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.26 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.15 P. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †3.50 P. M., Philadelphia 12.38 A. M., Baltimore 3.58 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 8.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 8.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 1.46 P. M., Goldsboro 2.25 P. M., Warsaw 4.03 P. M., Magnolia 4.40 P. M.

DAILY 9.25 A. M.: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston †2.00 night, New York 5.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.32 A. M., Baltimore 1.45 P. M., Washington 4.15 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7.43 P. M., †Norfolk 3.30 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.12 P. M., Rocky Mount 6.35 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.30 A. M., Magnolia 7.55 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.: No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 12.30 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M.: No. 34—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 A. M., Sanford 2.03 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Atlanta 7.30 A. M., Macon 9.50 A. M., Augusta 3.35 P. M., Denmark 4.20 P. M., Columbia 8.40 A. M., Sumter 6.08 P. M., Florence 9.35 A. M., Marion 10.18 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.19 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M.: No. 32—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.20 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 5.10 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., arrive Mills 6.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.18 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 75, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.10 A. M., arrive Weldon 8 17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.50 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.50 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.08 A. m., Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 5.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 6.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.25 P. M.; arrives Washington 12.00 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.55 P. M.; Sunday 6.10 P. M.; arrives Pitt mouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 8.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount 9.30 A. M., 4.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.00 P. M. Spring Hope 10.50 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.58 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.12 P. M., arrive at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.00 A. M. and 4.20 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 12.13 A. M., arrive Latta 12.31 A. M., Dillon 12.45 A. M., Marlboro 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Marlboro 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M. Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 6.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.10 P. M., Manning 6.46 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.30 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.27 A. M., Manning 9.17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.50 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M. Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.33 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 5.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 6.38 P. M. Bennettsville 8.23 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.15 A. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M. Darlington 8.39 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.46 P. M., arrive Selma 2.43 P. M. 11.15 P. M., Smithfield 3.06 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12.39 A. M., Rowland 5

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15.

MATTERS OF LEGISLATION.

The Isthmian Canal and Pacific Cable Bills Will be Pressed Through Congress at the Earliest Moment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, chairman of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee of the House, and Representative Sherman, of New York, a member of the same committee, had a long conference with the President to-day about the isthmian canal and Pacific cable legislation. As a result of the consultation they announced that it was their purpose to press legislation on both subjects at the earliest possible moment. The canal bill which passed the House at the last session will be re-introduced in substantially the form in which it was passed last Winter. No delay is anticipated in the committee, as the whole subject has been canvassed thoroughly. Col. Hepburn told the President that the bill undoubtedly would command a large majority in the House. The Pacific cable bill also will be practically identical with the one reported from the committee during the last Congress. It provides for the laying of the cable by a private corporation under a contract with the postmaster general, with an alternative provision for the building of the cable by the government if no satisfactory contract can be made. It is understood that the President concurred in the proposed programme

MANY LIVES LOST.

Storm On the Coast of Great Britain the Most Disastrous in Years.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, November 14.—The loss of a life-boat and eleven of its crew near Yarmouth heads the list of to-day's wrecks by the continued gale. The life-boat was on its way to the rescue of a distressed vessel when it was struck by a great wave and capsized. The crew were imprisoned and only three of them succeeded in making their escape.

Innumerable minor casualties continue to be reported on all the coasts of the United Kingdom, marking the storm as the most disastrous that has occurred in many years. Snow is falling in many parts of the country.

An incomplete list of the persons who have lost their lives by drowning during the storm already aggregates over one hundred and sixty.

It is still impossible to estimate with any exactitude the total loss of life and property resulting from the protracted gale and probably the full extent of the damage will never be known.

Tons of wreckage of unidentified vessels are still being thrown up. Altogether it is known that some fifty vessels have been wrecked along the British coast; thirty-four of these have been absolute wrecks, involving, it is believed a loss of more than one hundred and eighty drowned.

The Yarmouth lifeboat disaster alone leaves forty-four fatherless children.

MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARED.

Man and Woman Supposed to Have Been Murdered On a Shanty Boat.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TIPTONVILLE, TENN., Nov. 14.—Ned Davis and a woman living with him on a shanty boat have mysteriously disappeared, and it is believed they have been murdered.

The boat was found a short distance below Tiptonville on the Mississippi river. Blood clots were found all over the floor and on the bow of the boat, where the bodies are supposed to have been thrown into the river. Davis was a miserly fisherman, and is reported to have saved a considerable sum of money which he kept secreted on the boat.

YOUNG MAN MURDERED.

Found Bleeding and Unconscious in a Doorway at Richmond, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 14.—Mr. Jno. W. Scott, a well known young man of this city, son of the late Fred R. Scott, president of the Merchant's National Bank, was found about 2 o'clock this morning in the doorway of residence of Major E. T. D. Myers, bleeding and unconscious. He was taken to the Retreat of the Sick, where he died at 9 o'clock this morning. Examination showed a number of wounds about his head inflicted, apparently, with some blunt instrument. This leads to the belief that he has met with foul play. A coroner's investigation will be made.

FIRE AT WHEELING.

Hotel and Other Buildings Completely Destroyed—No Loss of Life.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WHEELING, W. VA., Nov. 14.—Fauquier White hotel and several surrounding buildings were completely destroyed by fire this morning. The origin of the fire is a mystery. There was no loss of life. The building cost $75,000 some years ago. It was insured for $32,000 and there was $15,000 insurance on the furniture. The only thing saved was a card table. The owner of the building is J. W. Putts, of Baltimore.

In an article on the war in South Africa the London *Times* says: "The Boers, as far back as last May, were guilty of murdering whole kraals of Kaffirs in order to destroy traces of the movement of their own commandoes. The British authorities at the time, for some reason not specified, prohibited any mention of these outrages."

Says He WasTortured.

"I suffered such pains from corns I could hardly walk," writes H. Robinson, Hillsborough, Ills., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured them." Acts like magic on sprains, bruises, cuts, sores, scalds, boils, burns, ulcers. Perfect healer of skin diseases and piles. Cure guarnteed by R. R. BELLAMY, 25 cents.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

COTTON SPINNERS IN CONVENTION.

Annual Meeting of the Southern Association Held Yesterday in Atlanta.

SPEAKERS AND THEIR TOPICS

Dr. J. H. McAden Favors a Merchant Marine and Construction of the Isthmian Canal—Speeches by Hon. Hoke Smith and McLaurin.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 14.—The Southern Cotton Spinners' Association met in annual convention here to-day. This is the fifth yearly gathering of the association and the attendance was large, many people from New York, Pennsylvania and the New England States inscribing their names on the register. A business session was held in the morning and the afternoon was given over to sightseeing, the delegates being the guests of the Southern Railway in a trip around Atlanta.

After the welcoming addresses this morning Dr. J. H. McAden, president of the association, delivered his address. He recommended a declaration by the spinners in favor of a merchant marine "upon a basis that will give all American citizens an equal choice, prevent favoritism to entrenched interests, and recognize the producing classes in the reduction of freight rates."

He also favored the building and construction, as soon as possible, of the Isthmian canal. On reciprocity, Dr. McAden said:

"The immense balance of trade in our favor creates the necessity of our finding a market for our surplus products. We should do all that we can to advance both the letter and the spirit of reciprocity. We specially desire closer commercial relations with South America and the Orient."

At a "smoker" in the Kimball House to-night Hon. Hoke Smith, of Atlanta, spoke on "Development of Our Home Talent" and U. S. Senator Jno. L. McLaurin on "Extension of Our Foreign Trade." In connection with the extension of the South's foreign trade, Senator McLaurin advocated an American merchant marine.

"Our weakness upon the sea is the one great danger that confronts the nation," said the Senator. "If ships could be built in the United States as cheaply and operated under our flag as cheaply as they are under other flags, it would be unnecessary for our government to do more than to offset the subsidies, bounties, naval reserve retainers and other methods by which foreign governments attract capital into merchant ships built and manaed by their own people.

"We must not imagine that American capital is dependent upon national legislation in order to make ship owning pay. We have ample evidence of large American investments in foreign built ships manned and operated by foreigners in our foreign trade. However much our people may have invested in foreign ships they are unavailable under international law when at war as naval auxiliaries.

"Another thing we should remember. These very ships and the men employed on board of them may be turned against the United States in the event of our becoming involved in war with the nation whose flag they fly."

In conclusion Senator McLaurin said: "What we need in this country to-day is a non-sectional patriotism and statesmanship more devoted to the building up of our country than the achievement of party success. Great national or business questions involving the glory of our republic and the prosperity of our people should not be dwarfed into mere party questions."

RATHBUN MURDER MYSTERY.

Suspected Man Identified by Parties From Little Rock, Ark.—Arraigned Before a Magistrate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., Nov. 14.—Newell C. Rathbun, suspected of killing Charles Goodman in a hotel here by poison, was to day positively identified by an officer and an acquaintance of the prisoner from Little Rock, Ark., where he lived for a time. Later, Rathbun was arraigned before Mayor Rader in the police station on a charge of murder. Rathbun pleaded not guilty and Mayor Rader held him over to the circuit court without bond. The prisoner had no lawyer. The circuit court will convene in special term Monday and a grand jury will be emmanelled to consider Rathbun's case.

Rathbun was identified by Deputy Sheriff Al. Chichester and E. J. Gloeckner, from Little Rock. The meeting between the prisoner and the Arkansas visitors, whose trip was for the purpose of identification, took place in Sheriff Raves' office.

"Hello! Rathbun!" said Gloeckner. "Don't you know me," was the first salutation.

"Yes, you're Gloeckner," responded the prisoner.

"Did you give that man the dope?" asked Gloeukner.

"I am not guilty of the crime as charged."

"Did your wife know anything about your scheme?"

"She might have thought about it."

"Why didn't she identify the body as not being yours?"

"I can't tell. She's an excitable woman."

"What about the statement of Carrie Pryor that you wanted her to go into an insurance swindle with you?"

"She is an enemy of mine."

At the conclusion of the interview Rathbun signed the following paper for the purpose of proving his identity in Little Rock:

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: I am in custody in Jeffersonville, Ind., awaiting trial. I will send this by Al. Chicester and E. J. Gloeckner. (Signed) N. C. RATHBUN."

The prisoner has already become less talkative and evidently recognizes that he has already talked too much, but he is reported to have said to a fellow prisoner at the jail: "The officers have not a thing on which to convict. A man's intention does not mean he may be convicted."

STEAMER BURNED.

The Richmond of the Weems Line at Her Wharf at Fredericksburg.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., Nov. 14.—The steamer Richmond, of the Weems line, plying between this city and Baltimore, was burned to the water's edge at her wharf this evening. The boat was heavily loaded with freight shipped by Fredericksburg merchants to the wharves on the Rappahannock. The fire originated in the forward cabin, but no explanation of the cause can be ascertained.

THE MOLINEUX CASE.

Two Former Governors of New York Arrayed Against Each Other On the Motion to Quash the Indictment

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Two former Governors of New York, David B Hill and Frank S. Black, met in argument to-day in the Court of General Sessions on the motion to quash the indictment charging Roland B. Molineux with the murder by mailed poison of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams. Molineux was once convicted and sentenced to death, but the Court of Appeals gave him a new trial. On the part of the trial court, Mr. Hill, associated with Assistant District Attorney James Osborne, opposed in behalf of the State the motion to quash and Mr. Black joined with Weeks, Battle and Marshall and former District Attorney W. M. K. Olcott in pressing the motion on behalf of the alleged poisoner.

Gen. Edward Molineux, father of the prisoner, came into court in company with General Horace C. King and Frederick W. Davoe, and joined the counsel of his son. A great crowd filled the court room and stretched out through the open doors to the corridors.

Mr. Black, in opening, discussed the power of the court to entertain the motion and quoted a number of authorities to show that it had the power to do so. Mr. Black explained that the motion of the defendant was to either dismiss the indictment or give the defendant permission to examine the minutes of the grand jury and allow the proposition to dismiss to stand, pending the result of the examination of the minutes. He asserted that no legal evidence had been presented to the grand jury and recited the declaration of the Court of Appeals that the Barnet testimony was not competent. He insisted that if the indictment rested in whole or in part on the Barnet evidence it could not stand. He said that Molineux had been sentenced to death on expert testimony.

Mr. Hill asserted that the motion was a dilatory one and that a new trial having been ordered it should be proceeded with. He characterized the motion to examine the minutes as a fishing excursion, and said it had already been denied by Justice Blanchard. He also said that the prisoner by pleading to the indictment had recognized it and that he could not there after attempt to inspect the minutes.

Mr. Hill reviewed the evidence submitted to the grand jury and of it said: "Motive was established. Poison was established. Death was established. Murder was established. Crime was established."

Commenting on the deductions of the defence from the Court of Appeals' declaration as to the admission of writings, Mr. Hill said: "All these murderers would have to do if you take their view of the decision would be to put something offensive in their letters and the letters could be held as 'prejudicial' and could be excluded."

THE JEFFRIES-RUHLIN FIGHT.

Enthusiasts Flocking to San Francisco. Ten Thousand People Expected to Witness the Battle To-night.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—With the Jeffries-Ruhlin championship battle but twenty-four hours away, public interest is keyed up to a high pitch. All day long enthusiasts have been flocking into the city from far and near. It is evident at this time that Mechanics' pavilion, where the fight will take place, will be taxed to its utmost capacity. This means that fully 10,000 people will witness the fight.

A group of clergymen have been striving all day to induce the officers of the law to stop the mill, but they have received no encouragement. To night they paid their respects to Mayor Phelan and there received the same information which was imparted to them by the district attorney and chief of detectives. They were apprised of the fact that while a State law prohibits prize fighting, a local ordinance countenances boxing exhibitions held under the auspices of an incorporated club, and that the latter measure precludes all possibility of the city fathers stopping the fight at this juncture. The police, if they believe the mill to be brutal, and therefore beyond the pale of a legitimate exhibition with gloves, may enter the ring and stop the bout after it starts, but not before.

Ruhlin spent the day in rest and quiet. He was in consultation with Billy Madden several times during the day, receiving advice from his manager. The Akron fighter ate a hearty breakfast, took a long stroll along the ocean beach in the morning and played cards part of the afternoon.

Jeffries was a trifle more active today, but his exertions were provoked by the social demands on him by admiring friends with whom he walked and talked during the afternoon.

The training ordeal is at an end and the trainers of both fighters are anxious now simply to keep their men from getting a trifle stale or possibly mentally depressed. Jeffries is full of life and smilingly declares that he will beat Ruhlin along about the tenth or twelth round. Few bets have been made to-day and in all known instances Jeffries was on the long end and at even better odds than yesterday.

Harry Corbett, who will referee the fight, says he is in condition to part the big fellows if they resist him or fail to follow his commands, and that he will rigidly enforce the rules of the game.

The picture company placed its lights in position to-day and will take kinetoscope pictures of the contest, the assurance having been given to Jeffries and Ruhlin that the heat of the electric lights will not be severe and will in noway annoy them.

RICHARD CROKER.

Guest of Honor at a Dinner of the Democratic Club of New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Richard Croker was the guest of honor to-night at a dinner tendered him at the Democratic Club by the board of governors and the officials of the club. Covers were laid for twenty-four. At the conclusion of the dinner a handsome silver jardiniere was presented to Mr. Croker. President John Fox, who presided at the dinner, made the presentation speech. During the course of his remarks, President Fox, speaking in behalf of the club, thanked Mr. Croker for his services as leader of the Democratic party in this city and for the work he had done in behalf of the Democratic Club.

The mercury took a big tumble at Roanoke, Va., yesterday morning and last night the first snow of the season began falling.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

COAL MINE FIRE IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Five Bodies of the Dead Taken Out and Twenty-five Persons Injured.

IN POCAHONTAS COLLIERY.

Supposed That the Mine Caught Fire From a Defective Light Wire—More Men Thought to be in the Mine—No Estimate of Damage.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BLUEFIELD, W. VA., Nov. 14.—Five dead bodies have been taken from the Baby mine at Pocahontas, Va., several other persons are unaccounted for and twenty-five persons have been rescued more or less severely burned.

At 3 o'clock this morning it was discovered that the Baby mine of the Pocahontas Colliery Company, at Pocahontas, Va., was on fire. An alarm was sent in and the fire company responded promptly. In a very short time after the fire fighters had reached the mouth of the mine and were attempting to extinguish the flames, some of the firemen and others having rushed inside of the mine to ascertain the extent of the trouble and to assist miners entombed therein, a terrific explosion occurred and many miners and their friends were more or less injured. It is supposed that the mine caught fire from a defective electric light wire. Five bodies had been recovered up to 6 P. M., and it is uncertain how many more are dead, though it is known that there are several, perhaps eight or ten, men still in the mine unless they succeeded in making their escape through the Tug river entrance. Twenty-five persons have been rescued, all more or less burnt, some seriously and perhaps several fatally. The injured were carried to their homes in wagons and all the physicians in Pocahontas have been busy all day attending them. One or two other explosions have followed that of the early morning and others are hourly expected. The mine is still burning and clouds of smoke are constantly issuing from its mouth. The fan has been stopped and as soon as possible to do so the mine will be reentered in the hope of extinguishing the fire. In 1884 Pocahontas experienced a like occurrence, in which over a hundred lives were lost. It is impossible to estimate the amount of damage.

EXECUTION IN INDIANA.

Jos. D. Keith Hanged at Madison for the Murder of Miss Nora Kifer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MICHIGAN, IND., Nov. 14.—Joseph D. Keith was hanged here at 12:10 this morning for the murder of Miss Nora Kifer. She was murdered near Keith's home and her body was placed in a well, from which it was taken by Keith when he became alarmed at threats of search and it was thrown into a creek many miles from the well.

The circumstances of the murder have been vividly recalled by the murder of two women at Evansville, within the past few days.

FALL RIVER MILLS.

Dissatisfaction of Operatives at the Failure of the Strike Movement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Nov. 14.—The Weavers' Union broke away from the Textile Council to-night because of the dissatisfaction at the failure of the strike movement for better wages recently. The actual reason given is that there is lack of harmony among the unions represented in the council. The Weavers' Union will act independently hereafter. It has over three thousand members and $50,000 in its treasury.

WARM WIRELETS.

William D. Lowery & Company, Consolidated Exchange brokers, New York, made a general assignment.

Forty-five States were represented at the preliminary meeting of the national convention of the W. C. T. U., held at Fort Worth, Texas, yesterday.

British medical authorities declare that Liverpool is free from the plague. All those who were suspected of suffering from the disease have recovered.

The Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations elected Dr. W. M. Leggett, Minnesota, president, and H. C. White, Georgia, a member of the executive committee.

At Hunter's Run, near Carlisle, Pa., Charles Tate, colored, a burglar, was shot and instantly killed while breaking into the house of James A. Miller by the latter's son. Tate was a North Carolina negro.

James Goings was found dead in his buggy a few miles south of Cave Spring, near Rome, Ga., his neck being broken. His death is a mystery and it is thought he was murdered and robbed by highwaymen.

The committee of ten Chicagoans who are to present the battleship Illinois with a silver service at Old Point Comfort Saturday, left Chicago yesterday. The silver service consists of ten pieces and cost $10,000, the money having been raised in the State by popular subscription.

The big lumber yards of the Pankratz Lumber Company of Sturgeon Bay, Wis., and the Miller Lumber Company of Milwaukee were on fire last night, the firemen after four hours battle being unable to do anything to stop the progress of the flames. The loss is estimated at over $100,000.

The Oklahoma and Indian Territory Statehood Convention adopted resolutions demanding the admission of both territories as a whole to statehood, and declaring opposition to a single statehood between Oklahoma and Indian Territory, except upon absolute equality as to representation.

Rev. Henry Bowman, perhaps the oldest Methodist preacher who was active in the pulpit up to time of death, died yesterday at Bloomington, Ill.; aged 95. He preached for seventy-seven years, and became famous throughout the South for abolition utterances during the war.

The condition of Queen Wilhelmina, according to a dispatch from Brussels, is worse than has been officially represented. Three physicians are in attendance upon her majesty, and the queen mother has been summoned. The royal patient will be obliged to keep her couch for six weeks.

The annual dinner of the Commercial Club of Cincinnati last night was an unusual event, owing to the celebration of the extension of the lease for sixty-five years of the 340 miles of railway from Cincinnati to Chattanooga to the Southern Railway and the launching of an active movement in the interest of the St. Louis Exposition.

SHOT BY A NEGRO.

Robt A. Hester, a Farmer Living Near Raleigh, N. C,

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 14.—At 8 o'clock to-night a prominent young farmer, Robt. A. Hester, living eight miles from here, was shot in the head by a negro, who mistook him for another negro with whom he had been quarrelling. The ball went through the skull above the left eye and lodged against the brain. It has been removed and Hester has a chance to live. The negro fled, but the officers expect to be able to locate him.

At the national convention of the Knights of Labor, Indianapolis, Ind., General Master Workman Simons Burns submitted his annual report, which consisted largely of an attack on the American Federation of Labor.

What you pay for extracts is important, but what you get for your money is ten times more important. *Burnett's Vanilla* costs more because it is worth more.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Consumers of wood will find at all times in my wood yard a good variety of well seasoned split and sawed or four-foot lengths. You will find my yard on South Water between Market and Dock streets, No. 18. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention. Bell Phone No. 719. W. W. Koch. oct 31 1m*

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also have Mountain Apples, Cabbage, Butter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street oct 4 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Rinaldi smith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. F. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 92. jy 6 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 6 tf

DO YOU?

If you do—the very best smoke you can secure for money is wrapped up in the

"CREMO,"
"CREMO,"
"CREMO,"
"CREMO."
"CUBAN BLOSSOM,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM"

CIGARS.

Vollers & Hashagen,

DISTRIBUTORS.

nov 3 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J. B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,
New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

an 26 tf

NEWS AND OPINIONS

of

National Importance.

THE SUN

ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Mrs. E. Elizabeth Gilbert, deceased. This is to notify all persons indebted to the deceased to make immediate payment to me, and all persons to whom she was indebted will present their claims to me, properly proven, before the 31st day of October, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

This 31st day of October, 1901.

M. M. FOARD,
Administrator Mrs. E. Elizabeth Gilbert.
oct 31 6t tp

CONFEDERATE FLAGS,

Souvenir Booklet of Wilmington.

Daughters of the Confederacy visiting our city will find our store a general meeting place for ladies. We will be glad to have you call and we assure you a hearty welcome. We have many attractive articles that will interest you.

All the newest Books, Beautiful Pictures, Fancy Goods, Novelties, etc.

Prompt and polite attention.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Bookseller and Stationers.

nov 10 tf 117 Market street.

THE RUSH

For our department goods still continues.

We have sold lots to appreciative customers from this large stock; yet BARGAINS OF GREAT VALUE REMAIN, and the

Closing Out Sale at New York Cost

will be kept going on until we have disposed of the entire stock of each department, EXCEPT OUR LINES OF FOOT-WEAR, to which we have added many features of interest. We are throwing out and selling at cost some lines of SHOES in give place to better and well selected grades, and larger stocks and varieties of our Douglas', Duttenhoper's, Hogan's and other famous lines for which we are the sole Agents here.

Without hesitation we will put our $3.75 Ladies' Shoes against any $4.00 Ladies' Shoe we ever heard of. Come and see all our attractions in goods and prices, and after making your own comparisons we feel sure you will agree with us. "Get in the Rush" and come along.

Mercer & Evans Co.'s

DEPARTMENT STORES.

Your Last Chance

To get a ticket on our Ladies' Rocker is this week, as next Saturday, November 16th, the drawing takes place. So come at once; every 50c cash purchase entitles you to a ticket.

If you want low prices and quality come and see us. If you want low prices regardless of quality see the other fellow.

Large Evaporated Peaches 12½c, this week 10c.
California Hams, 11c, this week 10c.
New Buckwheat Flour, 5c, this week 4c.

If you want a fancy table Syrup at the price of a cheap one buy our

Honey Drips at 12½c per quart can.

H. J. BIERMAN & CO,

Grocers. 215 Market Street.
Bell 'Phone No. 38. nov 12 tf

RAISINS! RAISINS!!

100 Boxes Calafornia Raisins just received.
25 Bags Cocoanuts.
25 Boxes Nice Evaporated Peaches.
25 Boxes Nice Evaporated Apples.
25 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
150 Pails Mixed Candy.
150 Boxes Stick Candy.
50 Barrels Stick Candy.

And fifty-eight car loads of other goods. Get our prices.

D. L. GORE CO.,

Wholesale Grocerigs and Drugs.
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
nov 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW C. C. NUTS.

2,600 Nickle C. C. Nuts.
1,110 Pounds L. L. Raisins.
2,140 Pounds Loose Raisins.
980 Pounds G. E. Butter.
350 Dozen 10c Tomatoes.
110 Dozen 10c Corn.
180 Dozen 10c Peaches.
162 Dozen Fancy Peaches.
813 Kegs Nails, assorted.
46 Dozen 25c Brooms.
318 Cases 5c Sardines.
68 Dozen Tumbler Powder.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,
Nos. 116, 118 Nutt street,
nov 5 tf Wilmington, N. C

A FULL STOCK OF

Cocoanuts, Mixed Nuts, Candies, Cakes, Cheese.

Fox River Butter.

Powder, Shot, Caps, &c.

Snuff, Tobacco and Cigars.

Bagging and Ties.
Salt, Fish and Molasses.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants. oct 31 tf

Notice the Brass Bed

IN THE WINDOW OF THE

A. M. SUSMAN FURNITURE CO

A $75.00 Bed will be reduced 50c per day until sold.

Also we will call your special attention to our fine Dining Chairs, of which we have twenty-five different grades.

Our 15 per cent. discount lasts until November 5. Trusting you will give us a call and be convinced. Thanking you for your past favors and soliciting your future patronage, we are

Yours to help,

The A. M. Susman Furniture Co.,

110 and 112 Market Street,
oct 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Unlucky Corner.

New Goods.

Malaga Grapes, Cocoanuts, Cream of Wheat, Oranges.

Great Big Fish Roe Cheap.

Preserved Ginger, Loose Buckwheat, Prepared Buckwheat, Fresh Saratoga Chips, Fancy Red Cranberries, cleaned Currants and Raisins.
Fine Glace Citron.

S. W. SANDERS,

Both Phones 106. oct 28 tf

THE FALL AND WINTER STYLES

ARE FULLY REPRESENTED IN THE BIG STORE.

WILMINGTON'S RACKET STORE

CLAIMS TO BE THE LEADING STORE OF THE STATE.

In Our Millinery, Dress Goods and Clothing

departments can be found everything that is new and up-to-date.

Our boys clothing we bought very cheap. A good heavy suit, from 6 to 15 years, for 69c. Will sell you a pretty, nice black suit for $1.00. We have some beautiful wool suits in heavy weight, double breast coats, for $1.75. Small sizes in four-piece suits—Coat, Pants, Vest and Vestee—for $1 98. All wool; nice styles. Large size boys' suits—Coat, Vest and Pants for $2.75 to $5.00. Youths' suits, from 16 to 19 years old, from $3.75 to $6 50. We have fifty new style striped worsted suits that sell regular for $7.50 my price $5 00. Heavy black Cheviot suits, all wool, round or square cut, for $5.00 a suit. Beautiful Blue Serge suits $7 50. We have an elegant line of $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00 suits. We have Boys' odd pants from 25c a pair up to 75c. Men's pants from 50c up to $5.00 a pair. A splendid line of $5.00 Sunday pants for $3 37.

Underwear—Child's heavy knit underwear, small sizes 10c, large sizes up to 25c. Children's all wool underwear 33c up. Children's silk and wool undershirts that sell for 50c and 60c each, I have a special drive at 25c each. Men's heavy fleece-lined underwear, worth 50c elsewhere, my price 37½c. Men's wool mixed red flannel drawers, not 75c, my price 48c.

A full stock of Sweet & Orr's over alls and jumpers for 75c and 90c. A heavy double front overall as low as 39c. Best quality of 50c overalls for 45c. Good yard-wide Bleaching for 5c. Sea Island Shirting, best quality, 5c per yard. Extra heavy AAA Sheeting at 6c per yard. Pepperell drill, best 8c quality, now 6c. Yard wide heavy Drilling for 6c per yard.

Ten quarter full size blankets for 50c a pair. Sun-set blankets—wool mixed, eleven quarter size, for $1.50 a pair. Elkin mills all wool Rose blankets, weight 5 pounds, for $3 85 a pair; eleven quarter, weight 6 pounds, for $4.75 a pair.

New Dress Goods just received; also new silks and new velvets; a nice line of velveta, good quality, worth 75c, my price 25c. A splendid drive in ladies' black water-proof dress goods, 54 inches wide, for 29c a yard; 42-inch wide fancy worsted, worth 35c, my price 15c; 32 inches wide, 14c per yard. Standard F F black cashmeres, worth 35c, my price 25c a yard; single F cashmeres for 19c per yard in all colors. Three thousand yards heavy-weight Liberty flannels, 30 inches wide, worth 8c everywhere, my price 5¼c.

Remember we trim all hats free in our millinery department when you buy hat and material from us. Have your hat trimmed to order and buy your goods at the Racket Store, where you can get the most for the money.

We give away chairs, tables, and crockery with cash purchases. Get a card and have it punched.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Proprietor.

208 AND 210 NORTH FRONT STREET.

nov 10 tf

AS THE MERCURY GOES DOWN

COAL

OFTENTIMES GOES UP

Now is a good time to place your orders with us for our high grade

COAL AND WOOD

You cannot beat our prices nor can you beat the quality of our

COAL AND WOOD.

J. A. Springer & Co.

oct 26 tf

A Good Thing for You

If you wish to acquire financial independence, do not put aside the opportunity we offer you. It may open the way before you to make a successful start in life. Nothing steadies a man better than a Savings Account growing by regular weekly deposits and quarterly interest. We take deposits from twenty-five cents up word and allow interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly, and invite you to become one of our patrons.

Deposits made now will bear interest from December 1st.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
nov 10 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

A New Interest Quarter

Will begin at this bank on December 1st. Deposits made any time this month will bear interest from December 1st, payable at the March 1st. interest quarter. All deposits are subject to check without notice. Open an account now with the LARGEST AND STRONGEST Savings Bank in North Carolina.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
nov 13 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

OLD NEWSPAPERS

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter.
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

Flower Seed and Bulbs.

New Stock; Selected Varieties.

Dutch, Roman and Italian Hyacinth Bulbs, all colors; Tulip Bulbs all colors and shapes; Chinese Bezered Lilies, extra large Bulbs; Evergreen Lawn Grass Seed. Now is the time to plant all of the above to get good results. Call at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.

oct 31 tf 126 South Front street.